King Kamehameha V **Judiciary History Center**

2017-2018 Annual Report



Statue of Kamehameha I

Supreme Court — THE JUDICIARY • STATE OF HAWAI'I



417 SOUTH KING STREET • ALI'IÖLANI HALE • HONOLULU, HAWAI'I 96813-2943 • TELEPHONE (808) 539-4700 • FAX (808) 539-4703

Mark E. Recktenwald CHIEF JUSTICE

December 2018

To the Honorable Members of the Thirtieth Legislature:

I am pleased to submit the FY 2018 Annual Report of the King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center (Center) as required under chapter 6F of the Hawaii Revised Statutes.

Since 1989, the Center has been steadfast in its efforts to educate the public about Hawaii's unique legal history and the judicial branch of government in general. From its home at Ali'iōlani Hale, the Center uses exhibits, archives, public programs, teacher workshops, school tours, mock trials, films, and publications to offer extensive learning opportunities for Hawaii's residents and visitors. This year, 163,700 visitors took advantage of the Center's exhibits and educational programs, including 15,660 students from schools and colleges throughout the state.

Through our Courts in the Community program, two Supreme Court oral arguments were held at public schools on Hawai'i island and one on O'ahu, affording students and the public an opportunity to witness, firsthand, the Judiciary's role in resolving disputes in our democratic society. Hearings conducted at the University of Hawai'i at Hilo, Kealakehe High School, and James B. Castle High School were observed by over 800 students from 16 schools. Prior to attending the hearings, students learned about the pending cases through curricula developed by the Center and the William S. Richardson School of Law.

The Center continued its strong public programming and in January, 2018, the Judiciary observed the 125th anniversary of the overthrow of the Hawaiian Kingdom, highlighting the role of civic engagement and political expression in Hawaii's rich legal history. Other programs focused on Hawaii's future - notably Where We Went and Where We Go From Here, which examined the 1978 ConCon and the possibility of a Constitutional Convention in 2019.

Thank you for your steadfast support of the Center and its important work. We appreciate your commitment to this valuable educational institution. We also would like to encourage you, your constituents, and your district schools to visit the Center to learn more about our fascinating heritage and the judicial branch of government.

Sincerely,

MARK E. RECKTENWALD Chief Justice

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Office of the Administrative Director - King Kamehameha V - Judiciary History Center

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Matt Mattice KING KAMEHAMEHA V JUDICIARY HISTORY CENTER EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

December 2018

To the Honorable Members of the Thirtieth Legislature:

I am pleased to present the FY2018 annual report of the King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center (Center). Established by statute in 1990 to educate the public about Hawai'i's legal history and the judicial process, the Center provides civic educational activities and materials including tours of Ali'iōlani Hale and the First Circuit Court, public performances and lectures, statewide teacher workshops, curricula, publications, and films.

This year, the Center built on successes of the *Courts in the Community Program* to further awareness of the role of the Judiciary. Under the program, the Supreme Court convenes at schools to hear cases pending before the court. During FY 2018, Supreme Court hearings were conducted at the University of Hawai'i at Hilo, Castle High School, and Kealakehe High School. The public and just over 800 students attended the hearings.

We completed the third and final year of the *James Madison Legacy Project* teacher workshop program, offering teachers content and pedagogy about the United States Constitution and citizenship. Funded by a federal grant, this year's cohort of teachers received free class sets of texts or eBooks and 52 hours of professional development. Partnering with the United States District Court – District of Hawai'i, and the HSBA Civic Education Committee, the Center conducted an additional three-day teacher workshop on social justice. Looking to our past to inform our present, our public programs examined topics including the history of incaration in the United States, cultural heritage versus western intellectual property rights, women in the law, and an architectural comparison of the supreme courts of Europe. January 2018 marked the 125th anniversary of the overthrow of the Hawaiian Kingdom. We observed the occasion with a program highlighting the unique forms of civic engagement the citizens of the Kingdom employed to protest the overthrow of their nation.

Thank you for your continued support of the Center. Your backing strengthens our resolve to improve our democracy. Mahalo for your belief in our important mission.

Sincerely.

Matt Mattice Executive Director

King Kamehameha V

Lot Kapuāiwa, grandson of Kamehameha I, ascended the throne in 1863 and was the last Kamehameha to rule the Kingdom of Hawai'i. As a national leader, Lot made foreign relations and the preservation of independence his primary objectives.

His advocacy for Hawaiians inspired a cultural renaissance which included the revival of hula and chant and licensing of medical *kāhuna* to practice their healing arts. During his reign, Lot commissioned a number of public works including the construction of Ali'iōlani Hale.

In 2000, the Judiciary History Center was renamed to the King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center in his honor.



History of Ali'iōlani Hale

Historic Ali'iōlani Hale provides the ideal environment for the Judiciary History Center. Initiated during the reign of Kamehameha V and completed during the reign of Kalākaua, Ali'iōlani Hale opened its doors in 1874. The Legislature and the Supreme Court of the Kingdom of Hawai'i were the original occupants of the building. After the overthrow of the Monarchy in 1893, the Legislature moved to 'Iolani Palace. Ali'iōlani Hale has remained the home of the Supreme Court for well over 100 years. The National Museum, the first museum in Hawai'i, opened in Ali'iōlani Hale in 1874. For many years, the National Museum occupied rooms on the second floor and welcomed visitors to view its fine collection of Hawaiian artifacts. In 1898, the Republic of Hawai'i's government transferred ownership of the collection to the Bishop Museum.



Ali'iōlani Hale (Hawai'i State Archives)



Annual Report Fiscal Year 2017-2018

King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center Ali'iōlani Hale 417 S. King Street Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813 Phone (808) 539-4999 FAX (808) 539-4996 www.jhchawaii.net

What people are saying about the Judiciary History Center

"Awesome history told very well." *Visitor, New Orleans, LA*

"In awe of the British empire rule in history." *Visitor, Philippines*

"Visited here on a school excursion in 1973. I didn't know there was a musesum." *Visitor, Honolulu, HI*

"Lots of history. This place is magnificently maintained."

Visitor, Tracy, CA

"Loved the Girls Scouts badge program!" *Visitor, Waialua, HI*

"Impressive reasoning by Hawaiians. Why did the government in Washington, D.C. not adopt the labor and servent laws described here?" *Visitor, California*

" Tres interessant. Instructif." Visitor, Quebec, Canada "Very interesting and life-like. We loved playing trial in the courtroom." *Visitor, Minnesota*

"Wow! I lived here all my life and this is the first time here. We must take advantage of our local history. Thank you." Visitor, Honolulu, HI

"Thank you! I teach mock trial to middle school kids and they would love this." Visitor, Draoer, UT



VIew of Ali'iōlani Hale circa 1888

Hawai'i State Archives

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King Kamehameha V **Judiciary History Center**

Purpose

The King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center (the Center) is a permanent educational institution created to inform and provide learning opportunities about the judicial process and Hawai'i's legal history from pre-contact to present. The Center, an administrative program of the Hawai'i State Judiciary, conducts and encourages research, disseminates information, and collects, preserves and displays materials. Interpreting over 200 years of dynamic legal history through audio visual presentations, exhibitions, and public programs, the Center serves as a bridge between the Judiciary and the community.

Governance

Established by the Hawai'i State Legislature in 1990 through Act 211, the Center is governed by a five member executive board appointed by Hawai'i's Chief Justice.

Visitors

Since opening to the public in September 1989, the Center has become a popular educational resource. This fiscal year the Center welcomed over 163,700 visitors, including more than 15,600 students.

History

The origins of the Center date back to the 1970s and the recommendations of a citizens committee advising Chief Justice William S. Richardson, on the renovation of Ali'iōlani Hale. The original idea was to develop an educational facility that would help citizens understand today's system of law by examining Hawaiian concepts of law and the development of Hawai'i's judiciary. Given Ali'iōlani Hale's historic significance, the Center occupies a highly visible and ideal location in Honolulu's historic capitol district.

Grants from the National Endowment for the Humanities to the Judiciary funded extensive research on Hawai'i's court records. This research uncovered information used for the planning and development of the Center's permanent exhibits. Additional funding was provided by appropriations from the Hawai'i State Legislature, and contributions from the Friends of the Judiciary History Center.

Formal dedication and opening ceremonies for the Center were held on September 12, 1989, with a message from Governor John Waihe'e, and a blessing by Reverend Abraham Akaka.

Hours

The general public is welcome to take self-guided tours of the Center, located on the first floor of Ali'iōlani Hale, on Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. There is no admission fee. Visits by school and community groups with reservations are welcome on weekdays (excluding holidays).

Website

Visit the Judiciary History Center's website at www.jhchawaii.net for information concerning the Center's tours, curriculum, publications, volunteer program, and historic Ali'iōlani Hale.

Collections



The Judiciary History Center is continuing the process of transferring the collections data to Axiell, a digital cloud-based management system. Axiell Collections enables us to access our collection via the web with all the advanced functionality of a world class collections management solution.

Exhibits



The Monarchy Court Gallery documents the 19th century transition from Hawaiian *kapu* to a western judicial system. Featuring a detailed model of Honolulu in the 1850s and artifacts from the first courthouse building, this exhibit has become the focal point of learning for adults and students.

The 1913 Courtroom, equipped with authentic furnishings, artifacts, and reproductions, is used for mock trials, reenactments, lectures, and dramatic performances. Students gain hands-on experience in the courtroom, reenacting historical court cases.

Who's Who in the Courtroom in the 1913 courtroom, interprets the court process and the players in a courtroom. Designed to identify

courtroom personnel and their roles, this interactive exhibit helps to educate visitors, especially students, about the trial process.



Ali'iōlani Hale, along the *makai* hall, traces the building's history through photographs, documents, and art work. The display also features the story of the Kamehameha Statue, a sentinel to Ali'iōlani Hale for over one hundred years.

Hawai'i Under Martial Law excites both school children and adults alike. Depicting the drastic changes caused by almost four years of martial law, the exhibit illustrates daily life in Hawai'i under military rule.

Travelling Exhibits

International Treaties of the Hawaiian Kingdom

The Hawaiian Kingdom government played a significant role in the formation and implementation of certain aspects of international law in the 19th century. This year, the Center created a traveling exhibit documenting the Monarchy's efforts to establish diplomatic ties to countries around the world. By 1891, the Hawaiian Kingdom had established diplomatic relationships and consular representatives in more than 45 nations/kingdoms.

Hoena Wale No: Just Paddle!

During the Summer, the Center hosted an exhibit on Hawai'i's hoe wa'a (paddling) tradition and the popularity of the sport that became Hawai'i's team sport in 1986. The exhibit was on loan to the Center from the University of Hawai'i at Mānoa's Hamilton Library.

Films



When Fear Reigned tells the true story of four children living in Hawai'i during martial law and the fragile nature of democracy in times of national crisis. Following Japan's attack on Pearl Harbor, fear of invasion, further attacks, and sabotage, prompted quick governmental decisions. On December 7, 1941 at 4:30 p.m., the Territorial Governor signed a proclamation declaring Martial Law. For the next three years, military rule replaced Hawaii's civilian government. Daily life changed drastically as the military reorganized the territory and enacted a number of new laws called General Orders. Civilian courts were replaced by military courts.



Law of the Land illustrates the change from traditional, shared land-use rights to the western concept of private property ownership.

Kānāwai shows changing attitudes towards water use in the 19th century by examining the surface water case of <u>Peck v. Bailey</u>. In a landmark decision, the Kingdom of Hawai'i's Supreme Court dramatically redefined water rights in Hawai'i.



Oni v. Meek introduces students to one of the Kingdom's most important Supreme Court decisions involving land rights and prepares them for a mock trial our 1913 Courtroom.

Animal Trials introduces younger elementary students to late 19th century trials involving animals. The unruly behavior of animals, especially in an increasingly urbanized Honolulu, resulted in a number of court cases.

Broken Scales is the story of a man's nightmare in which one of the cornerstones of democracy, judicial independence, has crumbled.

The Center also offers two films for use in the classroom: **Kaulike** documents the development of a western judicial system in Hawai'i and provides an overview of the current court system. **Trial of a Queen** focuses on the issues surrounding the armed overthrow of the Hawaiian monarchy, the counter-rebellion, and subsequent trial of Queen Lili'uokalani.

Research and Publications

Judges & Lawyers Database

Legal research on the courts in Hawai'i during the Monarchy period culminated in an analysis of over 20,000 cases in the State Archives. As an outgrowth of this research, a database of 19th century judges and lawyers of the Monarchy period has been produced. New information is incorporated as it becomes available.

Hawaiian-English Legal Dictionary

The Center continues work on compiling and vetting more than 4000 words for an upcoming legal dictionary. The dictionary project is an off shoot of the translation of court documents undertaken by the Center many years ago. When completed, the dictionary will be available as an online resource.

Education Programs

The Judiciary History Center offers schools, colleges, and the general public a number of law-related educational activities and resources. Law-Related Education (LRE) has evolved from the assumption that individuals who understand the reasons for laws and the institutions that support them are more likely to act responsibly in society. Students exposed to LRE are better able to predict consequences of breaking the law. They may also be more capable of resolving disputes independent of the court system.

University of Hawai'i, William S. Richardson School of Law

Every year, incoming first year law students visit the Center during their orientation. Students have the opportunity to tour the Center, the Law Library, and meet the Chief Justice.

Learning Activities at the Center

During the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the Center welcomed over 15,600 students and their teachers to its education programs. Many students interacted with judges who spoke with them during their tours or at their schools as part the Center's Judiciary Speakers Bureau. Educational tours supplement school curriculum and provide an exciting alternative learning environment for students and teachers. A variety of school tour formats have been developed to complement the Department of Education's benchmarks for grades two through twelve, the National Common Core Standards, and the College, Career, and Civic Life (C3) Framework. Students enjoy a selection of short films, guided tours of the Center's exhibits, Circuit Court visits, and scripted mock trials in the Center's restored 1913 Courtroom, Post-visit materials compliment the Center's learning activities back in the classroom.



Students from Honolulu Community College visit the Center

The following schools and organizations visited during the 2017–2018 fiscal year:

Elementary Schools

Ala Wai Elementary Aliamanu Elementary

Ali'iōlani Elementary

Assets School

August Ahrens Elementary

Fort Schafter Elementary

GLOW Homeschool Cooperative

Gustav Webling Elementary

Haha'ione Elementary Hau'ula Elementary

Hawai'i Technology Academy

Holomua Elementary Honowai Elementary

Ka Waihona o Ka Na'au'ao

Kahuku Elementary Kailua Elementary

Kaimukī Christian School

Kainalu Elementary

Kalei'ōpu'u Elementary

Kalihi Uka Elementary

Kamaile Academy

Kamilo'iki Elementary

Ka'ōhao School

Kapālama Elementary

Ke Kula Kaiapuni o Ānuenue

Ke Kula o Nāwahīokalani'ōpu'u

Kokohead Elementary

Lā'ie Elementary

Liholiho Elementary

Likelike Elementary Lincoln Elementary

Lunalilo Elementary

Makalapa Elementary Mānana Elementary

Mauka Lani Elementary

Nimitz Elementary

Pacific Islands Institute

Pearl Harbor Elementary

Pearl Harbor Kai Elementary

Pukalani Elementary

Sacred Hearts School (Maui)

St. Andrews Priory

Trinity Christian School

Waikīkī Elementary Waimalu Elementary

Middle & Intermediate Schools

Central Middle

Classical Conversations

Highlands Intermediate

'Ilima Intermediate

Kalākaua Middle

Kamehameha Schools - Kapālama

Le Jardin Academy

Mid-Pacific Institute

Moanalua Middle

Volcano School of Arts &

Sciences

Waipahu Intermediate

Ice Breaker Study Group Intercultural MidPac College 'Iolani Palace Docents

IPOC

Japan America Society

Kapi'olani Community College Lanakila Multi-Purpose Senior

Center

Leeward Community College

Legal Aide Society of Hawai'i

Pacific University

The Pacific Bridge Companies

Partners in Development Foundation

William S. Richardson School of

Law

WorkHawai'i Youth Program

YouthBuild Honolulu

High Schools

Aiea High

Hawai'i Baptist Academy

Hawai'i National Guard Youth

Challenge Academy

'Iolani School

Kaimukī High School

Kaiser High

Kamehameha Schools - Kapālama

Ke Kula Kaiapuni o Ānuenue

Leilehua High

Maryknoll School

Mid Pacific Institute

Moanalua High

Pueo Program (Punahou School)

Adult, Post-Secondary, and Special Groups

Aichi Junior College

BYU Hawai'i

Closeup Foundation

East-West Center

EPIC Foundation

Gachon University

Global Village

Guangzhou Foreign Language

School

Hawai'i Job Corps

Hawai'i Pacific University

Honolulu Community College

Curricula

The Trial of Nathaniel Bacon

A mock-trial activity created to meet Hawai'i's Social Studies Benchmarks for fifth grade students visiting the History Center. Focusing on the conflicts that arose between the Native Americans and the Colonists, the curriculum also examines conflict amongst the Colonists, themselves, and the Crown.

Authority & Power Without Authority, Rules and Laws

The Center has two tour activities to address the DOE's 3rd grade Social Studies Benchmarks. Authority and Power examines the legitimacy of power. Students learn to differentiate between power backed by might and power backed by right. In Rules and Laws, students compare the origins, purposes, and consequences of rules and laws. The two activities combine to create a powerful learning experience in the museum setting. Students gain a clear picture of legitimate authority and legislative intent.

Oni v. Meek

A mock-trial activity that reenacts a landmark court case from the Monarchy Period. Students argue this historic case in the Center's restored 1913 courtroom, while learning about a courtroom's layout and the roles of courtroom personnel. A jury of students renders a verdict, and the activity concludes with a discussion about the case's actual verdict.

Trial of a Queen: 1895 Military Tribunal

A curriculum guide that examines the 1895 military trial of Queen Lili'uokalani on charges of misprision of treason. While role playing characters of various political backgrounds, students discover events leading up to the Queen's trial, and gain both a legal and human perspective of the judicial process.

Animal Cases

A collection of scripted court cases based on transcripts from the District Courts of the Hawaiian Kingdom that introduces elementary students to the judicial process. Cases involving theft of a chicken, runaway pigs, and reckless horseback riding encourage student jurors to consider evidence, issues of choice and consequence, and social responsibility.

Martial Law in Hawai'i

Within hours of the bombing of Pearl Harbor on December 7, 1941, daily life in Hawai'i drastically changed. The Center's curriculum for high school and college students helps them understand the significance of military laws in a democratic society. Students learn about the military government, suspension of habeas corpus, general orders, provost courts, and efforts to reestablish civilian control through legal challenges to martial law. Students are able to conduct a mock trial of the noteworthy <u>Duncan v. Kahanamoku</u> case.

Hawai'i State Courts

Which courts have jurisdiction over which cases? How many jurors must agree to determine the verdict in a civil trial? Students learn the answers and more during this presentation about the State Courts in Hawai'i. After a brief look at the three branches of government and their responsibilities, we take a closer look at the State's Judicial Branch.

Bicycle Theft and Hot Wheels

Intended to complement the lesson on Hawai'i's State Courts, Bicycle Theft and Hot Wheels are mock trial activities designed to give students a courtroom experience in a real courtroom setting.

Speakers Bureau & Judges in the Classroom

The Center coordinates the Judiciary Speakers Bureau, arranging for judges to speak at schools and community group settings, and providing curriculum materials as needed.

Teacher Workshops and Student Programs

Courts in the Community

Under the leadership of Chief Justice Recktenwald, Courts in the Community offers public and private high school students an opportunity to better understand the function of the Judicial Branch of government and observe an actual oral argument. At least once a semester, instead of conducting oral argument at the Supreme Court, the court convenes at a public school. Surrounding area schools are invited to attend. Prior to the hearing, students are taught about the case by volunteer HSBA attorneys. Led by the attorneys, students argue the pending case themselves in a classroom moot court activity. After learning about the case, the students attend the actual Supreme Court hearing at the "host school." This past year the Hawai'i State Supreme Court convened at the University of Hawai'i at Hilo, and Castle High School in the Fall of 2017, and at Kealakehe High School in the Spring of 2018. More than 800 students attended.

We the People: The Citizen and the Constitution High School Competition

In a simulated congressional hearing competition held at the Kealakehe High School, two teams form Kealakehe High and one team from Konawaena High School competed to represent Hawai'i at the National Finals in Washington, D.C. In Honolulu Students from Lā'ie Elementary also conducted a showcase hearing. This year, one of the teams from Kealakehe High School was victorious.

Audience with New Zealand Court of Appeal Justice Joseph Williams

In April 2018 the William S. Richardson School of Law hosted Joseph Williams as the International Jurist in Residence. Justice Williams, a recognized expert on indigenous rights law and a leading authority on Maori land legals issues, is the first person of Maori descent and the first fluent in the Maori language ever appointed as a permanent judge of the New Zealand Court of Appeal. On April 4, as part of the Courts in the Community program, the Center arranged and accompanied Justice Williams on a visit to Wai'anae High School, where he addressed students and toured the school's Searider Productions facilities.

Connecting Law, Social Justice, and Student-Centered Learning

In late June 2018, the Center, the United States Federal District Court - District of Hawai'i, the Hawai'i Bar Association Civic Education Committee, and the Hawai'i State Department of Education, held a three-day teacher workshop entitled Social Justice: The Rule of Law and the Spirit of Aloha. The workshop focused on substantive issues of social justice, race, ethnicity, and policy related to the Hawai'i State Constitution, federalism, and political processes. Presenters included Melinda Cooperman, J.D., LL.M., Children's Law Center at Georgetown University; Efrain Marimon, M.S.Ed., J.D., LL.M., Assistant Teaching Professor and Director of Penn State's Social Justice Fellowship College of Education; Traci Monroe, Hawai'i State Department of Education Resource Teacher; and Lorenn Walker, J.D., M.P.H., Executive Director, Hawai'i Friends of Restorative Justice.

The James Madison Legacy Project

Based on the acclaimed We the People: The Citizen and the Constitution curriculum and funded by a United States Department of Education SEED grant, the three-year cohort-style of professional development workshops was challenging and rewarding. The workshops were designed for middle and high school Social Studies teachers. Following the end of the program this year, the Center took a group of alumni to Anchorage, Alaska for a three-day intensive workshop with teachers from Alaska that addressed gerrymandering, judicial review, and public policy. During the workshop, in addition to working with Hawai'i and Alaska

mentors, teachers heard from one of the plaintiffs in the Juliana v. United States case that is currently making its way through the court system. The plaintiffs in the case, including a student from Kaua'i, assert that the government's actions that cause climate change have violated the youngest generation's constitutional rights to life, liberty, and property, and failed to protect essential public trust resources.

Public Programs



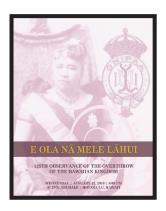
Dismantling Mass Incarceration: Prospects for Reform

In August, Robert Perkinson, Associate Professor of American Studies at the UH Mānoa, discussed prospects for meaningful criminal justice reform. He believes that even though the U. S. has the largest penal system in the history of democracy that is entrenched, expensive, and bolstered by powerful special interests, it can be changed for the better if we understand its root causes.



Into the Dark Cold I Go, the Rain Gently Falling: Hawai'i Island Incarceration

In September, Kelli Y. Nakamura, an assistant professor at Kapi'olani Community College, shared the stories of Hawai'i residents of Japanese ancestry who were arrested and incarcrated on the island of Hawai'i during World War II.



Ola Nā Mele Lāhui: 125th Observance of the Overthrow of the Hawaiian Kingdom.

In observance of the 125th anniversary of the Overthrow, the Center, the Hawai'i State Bar Association Civic Education Committee, and the Dolores Furtado Martin Foundation presented a program in observance of the Overthrow of the Hawaiian Kingdom. The program brought to light Hawaiian political expression through mele and hula, linking new archival documents and newspaper articles about the overthrow to Hawai'i's legal history.

Cultural Heritage, Traditional Knowledge, and Western Intellectual Property Systems

In November, Baron Oda, Co-Chair of the American Bar Association's Museums and Arts Law Committee, gave an informative presentation on how Indigenous peoples, working within Western intellectual property regimes, are trying to protect their heritage and traditional knowlege from misappropriation and exploitation.

If It's so Hard, Why Talk About It? Slavery in American History and Memory

Also in November, Lois E Horton, Professor of History Emerita at George Mason University, in collaboration with UH Mānoa's Museum Studies Graduate Certificate Program, talked about the need to understand historical injustices directed towards African-Americans in order to effectively deal with the probelems of our present-day society.

Finding Common Ground

In January, Girl Scouts came to the Center to participate in a workshop to help them gain their *Finding Common Ground* badge. The Center was assisted in creating the workshop session by the Center for Alternative Dispute Resolution.

Civil Liberties & the Constitution

In celebration of Civil Liberties & the Constitution Day, the Hawai'i State Bar Association and the Center presented a talk Attorney General Douglas Chin and NPR Reporter Asma Khalid.

'Onipa'a: A Documentary of the Centennial Observance of the Overthrow

On February 8, filmmakers Kawika Kalama and Meleana Meyer spoke about their stirring documentary on the centennial observance of the overthrow of the Kingdom of Hawai'i.

Mai Poina, the Trial of The Queen

For eight nights in February and March, the Center hosted a living history performance depicting the 1895 trial of Queen Lili'uokalani for misprision of treason, followed by discussion of the current implications of this event.



Women in Law: Emma Nakuina

In celebration of Women's History Month, the Center presented a talk by Hawaiian scholar, Uluwehi Hopkins. Emma Nakuina (1847-1929) held prominent positions under the Hawaiian Kingdom, Provisional, Republic, and Territorial governments. Emma served as the curator of the Kingdom Museum and Library which was based here at Ali'iōlani Hale during the Kingdom period.



Supreme Courts of Europe: A Historical and Comparative Perspective

In April, Associate Professor of History at HPU, Douglas Askman, joined us to give a presentation on the supreme courts of over fifty different jurisdictions in Europe. His talk covered the architecture, decoration, and history of supreme court buildings and courtrooms.

Hawai'i '78: Where We Went and Where We Go From Here

In April, former Governor John Waihe'e, Justice Michael Wilson, and Marti Townshend, Executive Director of Hawai'i's Sierra Club discussed the question of a constitutional convention.

Earth Day in Lo'i Kalo Mini Park

Celebrating Earth Day, the Center, in collaboration with Robert DaSilva, worked with Girl Scouts to help in the restoration of the taro patches in Kalihi.



Assessing and Addressing Honolulu's Resilience in the 21st Century

In June, Matthew Gonser, Coastal and Water Program Manager for the City and County of Honolulu's Office of Climate Change, Sustainability and Resilience, gave an informative presentation on his office and its charter mandate.





Visitor Attendance

2017-2018

163,730 **Visitors** 15,660 179,390 **School Programs TOTAL**

Financial Statement 2017-2018

Personnel \$219,474 \$4,788 **Equipment Expenses/Supplies** \$36,219 \$260,481 **TOTAL**





Executive Board

General administrative responsibilities for the Judiciary History Center rest with a five-member executive board appointed by the Chief Justice.



Marjorie Bronster graduated from Brown University and Columbia University Law School, where she was a Harlan Fiske Stone Scholar. She is the founding partner of Bronster Hoshibata and works on a broad variety of litigation and

counseling matters. Prior to work at her law firm, Ms. Bronster was the Attorney General for the State of Hawai'i where she successfully led a years-long investigation into abuses by the trustees of the Kamehameha Schools/Bishop Estate charitable trust. She also won a multi-billion dollar Master Settlement Agreement from tobacco companies on behalf of the State of Hawai'i.



Associate Justice Sabrina McKenna received her B.A. in Japanese in 1978 from the University of Hawai'i at Mānoa, and her J.D. in 1982 from the William S. Richardson School of Law. Justice McKenna practiced at

Goodsill Anderson Quinn & Stifel until 1987, then became in-house counsel to Otaka, Inc., a Japan-based international business organization, until 1990. From 1991 to 1993, she was an Assistant Professor at WSRSL. She became a state District Court judge in late 1993, then a First Circuit Court judge in 1995, eventually serving as Senior Judge of the Family Court of the First Circuit.



Thao T. Tran joined Kobayashi, Sugita & Goda in 2008 as an associate practicing in the areas of Labor and Employment Law. She received her Juris Doctor degree from Northeastern University School of Law in Boston and her Bachelor of

Arts degree in Classical Studies, *summa cum laude*, from the University of Massachusetts at Amherst. Prior to joining the firm, Ms. Tran served as a law clerk for Hawaii's Honorable Chief Justice Ronald T.Y. Moon.

Friends of the Judiciary History Center

In 1983, Chief Justice Herman Lum appointed the first **Friends of the Judiciary History Center** board as an advisory group to support the Judiciary's development of the Judiciary History Center. In 1984, the Friends of the Judiciary Center of Hawai'i qualified as a tax exempt organization. The Friends help support a wide range of exciting educational programs which teach about law and the judicial system.

Board of Directors

Roberta Woods, President Chad Kumagai, Vice-President David Day, Treasurer Travis Kikuchi, Secretary

R. J. Brown
Matthew Evans
Amanda Furman
Nathan Kam
Micah Kosasa
Pilialoha Lee Loy
Colin Moore
Donovan Preza
Rowena Somerville
Victoria Szymczak

Center Volunteers

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Philip Deters
David Hopkins
Lynn Hopkins
Arnold Hori
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Toni Han Palermo
Judy Parrish
Avis Poai
Doris Shiraishi
Marcus Townshend
Stephen Trussel

Personnel

Matt Mattice, Executive Director Keahe Davis, Education Director Teri Skillman, Program Specialist Ahukini Fuertes, Education Assistant