Electronically Filed Intermediate Court of Appeals CAAP-18-0000768 09-NOV-2018 09:26 AM

NO. CAAP-18-0000768

IN THE INTERMEDIATE COURT OF APPEALS

OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I

STATE OF HAWAI'I, Plaintiff-Appellee, v. ALFRED N. SPINNEY, Defendant-Appellant,

APPEAL FROM THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE THIRD CIRCUIT NORTH AND SOUTH HILO DIVISION (CASE NO. 3DCW-17-0000900)

ORDER DISMISSING APPEAL FOR LACK OF APPELLATE JURISDICTION (By: Leonard, Presiding Judge, Reifurth and Chan, JJ.)

Upon review of the record of district court criminal case number 3DCW-17-0000900 for appellate court case number CAAP-18-0000768, it appears that we lack appellate jurisdiction pursuant to Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS) § 641-12(a) (2016). In this appeal, Defendant-Appellant Alfred N. Spinney (Spinney), <u>pro</u> <u>se</u>, appeals from the Honorable M. Kanani Laubach's September 20, 2018 interlocutory order requiring Spinney to appear in district court on October 8, 2018, for his arraignment and plea with respect to Plaintiff-Appellee State of Hawaii's (the State) April 4, 2017 complaint against Spinney for criminal contempt of court in violation of HRS § 710-1077 (2014 & Supp. 2017). Under these circumstances, dismissal of the appeal is warranted.

"The right of appeal in a criminal case is purely statutory[.]" <u>State v. Nicol</u>, 140 Hawai'i 482, 485, 403 P.3d 259, 262 (2017) (citation and internal quotation marks omitted).

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The Hawai'i Intermediate Court of Appeals has jurisdiction "[t]o hear and determine appeals from any court or agency when appeals are allowed by law[.]" HRS § 602-57(1) (2016). HRS § 641-12(a) provides that "[a]ppeals upon the record shall be allowed from all final decisions and final judgments of district courts in all criminal matters." Consequently, "in order to appeal a criminal matter in the district court, the appealing party must appeal from a written judgment or order that has been filed with the clerk of the court pursuant to HRAP Rule 4(b)(3)." <u>State v.</u> <u>Bohannon</u>, 102 Hawai'i 228, 236, 74 P.3d 980, 988 (2003); <u>see also</u> Rule 32(c)(2) of the Hawai'i Rules of Penal Procedure.

In the instant appeal, the September 20, 2018 interlocutory order is not independently appealable under HRS § 641-12, and, thus, it will be eligible for appellate review only by way of a timely appeal from a future appealable final judgment under the principle that, "[a]s a general rule, an appeal from a final judgment in a case brings up for review all preceding interlocutory orders in the case." <u>State v. Adam</u>, 97 Hawaiʻi 475, 482, 40 P.3d 877, 884 (2002) (citations omitted). The district court has not yet entered a final judgment on the State's original April 4, 2017 complaint for criminal contempt of court in violation of HRS § 710-1077, and, thus, we lack appellate jurisdiction over this appeal.¹

¹ "Generally, the filing of a notice of appeal divests the trial court of jurisdiction over the appealed case." <u>TSA International Limited v.</u> <u>Shimizu Corporation</u>, 92 Hawai'i 243, 265, 990 P.2d 713, 735 (1999) (citations omitted). "The general rule, however, assumes that the notice of appeal is valid under the applicable statutory provisions and procedural rules. <u>Where</u> <u>the notice of appeal is jurisdictionally defective, filing the notice does not</u> <u>transfer jurisdiction from the trial court to the appellate court</u>." <u>Ontiveros</u>, 82 Hawai'i 446, 449, 923 P.2d 388, 391 (1996) (citations omitted; emphasis added).

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Therefore, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that appellate court case number CAAP-18-0000768 is dismissed for lack of appellate jurisdiction.

DATED: Honolulu, Hawai'i, November 9, 2018.

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Associate Judge

Daniel Associate Judge