Electronically Filed Intermediate Court of Appeals CAAP-11-0000098 03-MAY-2012 10:14 AM

NO. CAAP-11-0000098

IN THE INTERMEDIATE COURT OF APPEALS

OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I

THE ESTATE
OF
MARY CORREA BOVEE, Deceased.

APPEAL FROM THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST CIRCUIT (PROBATE NO. 88-0030)

SUMMARY DISPOSITION ORDER

(By: Nakamura, C.J., Reifurth and Ginoza, JJ.)

Petitioner-Appellant Edward A. Smith (Smith) appeals pro se from the judgment¹ (Judgment) filed on March 9, 2011 in the Circuit Court of the First Circuit (probate court). The

¹ The title of the judgment is "Judgment pursuant to Order Denying Petition for Hearing In Regard to 560:2-516 (Refuse to Deliver Documents) Probate No. 88-0030 560:3-1005 & 1006 Fraudulent Filing as Trustee to Estate, Fraudulent Financial Disclosure to Probate Court Per Deceased Bank Account and Resale Value of Real-A-State Property; 560:3-1201 Collection of Personal Property, By Written Request Denied, By Written Verbal Abuse & Physical Threats of Bodily Injury; 560:3-1202 Effect of Affidavit: Same as Violation of Court Order to Divide on Behalf of Persons Entitled to Estate (Which Also is Violated); 710-1077 Impersonator Trustee to Estate Violates (G) and (C) of 710-1077, by Refusing to Divide Shares of Estate with Petitioner, in Regard to \$165,000.00 Sold-Real Estate Property and \$150,000.00 Dollars Clear Cash out of Court Medical Malpractice Case of Deceased Our Mother Mary C. Bovee, Before her 1989 Death on Oahu. Petitioner Request Protection Under Action to Recover Value of Property as a Result of Fraud, Physical Personal Injury. in Connection with Criminal Contempt of Probate Court. (1996, c288, pt of % 1; am L 1997, c244, % 120) Filed October 22, 2009 and Petition for Hearing Date by Petitioner, as it Relates to (Stolen Will Document) Bank Documents, Refusing to Deliver/Release Documents & Contempt of Probate Court Orders, Dated 7-17-1989 by Judge of Said Order Philip J. Chun Case No. 88-0030 Mary C. Bovee Deceased filed October 22, 2009" (Order Denying Petitions).

probate court denied two petitions (Petitions) filed pro se by Smith on October 22, 2009. On appeal, Smith appears to argue that the probate court erred in denying the Petitions after he provided the court with additional information to aid its review, as per the court's request.

Upon careful review of the record and the briefs submitted by the parties and having given due consideration to the arguments advanced and the issues raised by the parties, we resolve Smith's points of error as follows:

In the Petitions, Smith appears to have claimed that his brother, Lawrence Smith, Jr. (Lawrence), and/or other individuals fraudulently conspired to make Lawrence the Personal Representative of the estate of their mother, Mary C. Bovee, also known as Mary Correa Bovee (Bovee); misrepresented the value of the estate; failed to report the existence of additional estate assets; and intentionally withheld Smith's distribution.

Smith claimed that Lawrence committed "'contempt' of probate court and other violations of law," and cited to Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS) §§ 560:2-516, 2 560:3-1004, 3 560:3-1005, 4

(continued...)

² HRS § 560:2-516 (2006 Repl.) provides in relevant part:

^{\$560:2-516} Duty of custodian of will; liability. After the death of a testator and on request of an interested person, a person having custody of a will of the testator shall either deliver it with reasonable promptness to a person able to secure its probate or if none is known, deposit it with an appropriate court. A person who knowingly and wilfully fails to so deliver or deposit a will is liable to any person aggrieved for any damages that may be sustained by the failure, and the court may award treble damages. . . .

³ HRS § 560:3-1004 (2006 Repl.) provides in relevant part:

^{\$560:3-1004} Liability of distributees to claimants. After assets of an estate have been distributed and subject to section 560:3-1006, an undischarged claim not barred may be prosecuted in a proceeding against one or more distributees. . . .

⁴ HRS § 560:3-1005 (2006 Repl.) provides in relevant part:

560:3-1006, 560:3-1201, 6 and 710-1077. He repeatedly accused Lawrence and others of committing fraud and embezzlement against

\$560:3-1005 Limitations on proceedings against personal representative. Unless previously barred by adjudication and except as provided in the closing statement, the rights of successors and of creditors whose claims have not otherwise been barred against the personal representative for breach of fiduciary duty are barred unless a proceeding to assert the same is commenced within six months after the filing of the closing statement. The rights thus barred do not include rights to recover from a personal representative for fraud, misrepresentation, or inadequate disclosure related to the settlement of the decedent's estate.

5 HRS § 560:3-1006 (2006 Repl.) provides in relevant part:

\$560:3-1006 Limitations on actions and proceedings against distributees. Unless previously adjudicated in a formal testacy proceeding or in a proceeding settling the accounts of a personal representative or otherwise barred, the claim of a claimant to recover from a distributee who is liable to pay the claim, and the right of an heir or devisee . . . to recover property improperly distributed or its value from any distributee is forever barred at the later of three years after the decedent's death or one year after the time of its distribution thereof . . . This section does not bar an action to recover property or value received as a result of fraud.

6 HRS § 560:3-1201 (2006 Repl.) provides in relevant part:

§560:3-1201 Collection of personal property by affidavit. (a) Any person indebted to the decedent or having possession of tangible personal property or an instrument evidencing a debt, obligation, stock, chose in action, or other intangible personal property belonging to the decedent shall make payment of the indebtedness or deliver the tangible personal property or an instrument evidencing the debt, obligation, stock, chose in action, or other intangible personal property to a person or persons claimed to be the successor or successors of the decedent . . upon being presented a death certificate for the decedent and an affidavit made by or on behalf of the claimed successor or successors . . .

\$710-1077 Criminal contempt of court. (1) A person commits the offense of criminal contempt of court if:

^{4(...}continued)

⁷ HRS § 710-1077 (1993 Repl.) provides in relevant part:

⁽g) The person knowingly disobeys or resists the process, injunction, or other mandate of a court[.]

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him, without establishing the authority or evidence supporting such claims.

Smith filed the Petitions more than twenty years after the probate court filed its July 17, 1989 Order Approving Final Accounts and Distributing and Settling Estate. We conclude that Smith's appeal lacks merit and the probate court did not err in denying the Petitions. To the extent the Petitions could be construed as having been brought pursuant to Hawai'i Probate Rules (HPR) Rule 36(b), they would be untimely. See HPR Rule 36(b).

Therefore,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Judgment filed on March 9, 2011, in the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, is affirmed.

DATED: Honolulu, Hawai'i, May 3, 2012.

On the briefs:

Edward A. Smith
Petitioner-Appellant
Pro Se

Ronald P. Tongg for Personal Representative-Appellee Lawrence Smith, Jr. Cray H. Nakamura
Chief Judge

Laume M. Reifuth

Associate Judge

Associate Judge