King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center

2011-2012 Annual Report



Eighty years ago, people waited in front of Ali iolani Hale for a chance to observe what was considered one of the "trials of the century" - the Massie trial in 1932.

Advertiser library photo



Supreme Court — THE JUDICIARY • STATE OF HAWAI'I

417 SOUTH KING STREET • ALI'IÕLANI HALE • HONOLULU, HAWAI'I 96813-2943 • TELEPHONE (808) 539-4700 • FAX 539-4703

Mark E. Recktenwald CHIEF JUSTICE

December 2012

To the Honorable Members of the Twenty-Seventh Legislature:

I am pleased to submit the FY 2012 Annual Report of the King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center (the Center) as required by chapter 6F of the Hawai'i Revised Statutes.

Since 1989, the Center has been steadfast in its efforts to educate the public about Hawaii's unique legal history and the judicial process in general. From its home at Ali'iōlani Hale, the Center uses its exhibits, archives, public programs. School tours, mock trials, films, and publications to offer extensive learning opportunities for local residents and visitors from all over the world. This year, over 52,500 visitors took advantage of the Center's exhibits and education programs, including more than 10,500 students from schools and colleges throughout Hawai'i. Indeed, other states and foreign countries continue to view the Center as a model of judicial outreach.

This year, a new program called *Courts in the Community* was started under which Supreme Court arguments will periodically be held in school settings. The program is part of the Judiciary's efforts to educate students and the general public about the Judiciary's role in our government, and its function in resolving disputes in a democratic society. Students participate in several civics-related lesson plans prepared by the Center prior to observing an official Supreme Court oral argument proceeding. Two arguments have been held this past year--one in February at Farrington High School and this month on Maui. The events were well received and successful.

We thank you for your commitment to and support of this valuable education institution. We would also like to encourage you, your constituents, and district schools to visit the Center to learn more about the exciting heritage of our branch of government.

Thank you for your steadfast support of the Center and its important work.

Sincerely,

Mr Reunde

Mark E. Recktenwald Chief Justice



Office of the Administrative Director — King Kamehameha V — Judiciary History Center THE JUDICIARY • STATE OF HAWAI'I • 417 SOUTH KING STREET, ROOM 102 • ALI'IÕLANI HALE

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Rodney A. Maile ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR

Iris T. Murayama DEPUTY ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR Susan Pang Gochros INTERGOVERNMENTAL AND COMMUNITY RELATIONS DIRECTOR

December 2012

Matt Mattice KING KAMEHAMEHA V JUDICIARY HISTORY CENTER EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

To the Honorable Members of the Twenty-seventh Legislature:

I am pleased to present you with the King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center's annual report for FY2011–2012. The Center was established by statute in 1990 to educate the public about Hawaii's legal history and the judicial process. We provide the public with civic and law-related educational activities and materials including tours of Ali'iōlani Hale, mock trials, public performances and lectures, teacher workshops, curricula, publications, and films.

During FY2011-2012, the Center's educational programs shed light on a wide range of topics relevant to Hawaii's legal history. The Center partnered with educators from Alaska to examine challenges of American citizenship for native peoples. The constitutionality of Executive Order 9066, which cleared the way for relocation of Japanese Americans to internment camps, was debated during a two-part program exploring Korematsu v. United States and the more recent Hamdan v. Rumsfeld. The history of spouse abuse in Hawai'i, and the heroic efforts of victim advocates led to discussion about contemporary legal protections for victims of domestic violence and human trafficking. The late 19th Century debate about U.S. annexation of Hawai'i was scrutinized through actual congressional testimony to highlight the range of arguments both in support and against annexation. On a broader spectrum, the Center delved into historical challenges to the Constitution and new interpretations of American rights. These topics resulted in new partnerships and growing audiences. We are grateful for the community's support.

I would like to extend my appreciation to each of you for your continued support of this valuable educational institution. Your encouragement strengthens our role in educating the public about Hawaii's unique legal history, as well as the Judiciary's role in American democracy. Aloha and mahalo.

Sincerely,

Matt Mattice Executive Director

King Kamehameha V

Lot Kapuāiwa, grandson of Kamehameha I, ascended the throne in 1863 and was the last Kamehameha to rule the Kingdom of Hawai'i. As a national leader, Lot made foreign relations and the preservation of independence his primary objectives.

His advocacy for Hawaiians inspired a cultural renaissance which included the revival of hula and chant and licensing of medical *kāhuna* to practice their healing arts. During his reign, Lot commissioned a number of public works including the construction of Ali'iōlani Hale.

In 2000, the Judiciary History Center was renamed to the King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center in his honor.



King Kamehameha V

History of Ali'iōlani Hale

Historic Ali'iōlani Hale provides the ideal environment for the Judiciary History Center. Initiated during the reign of Kamehameha V and completed during the reign of Kalākaua, Ali'iōlani Hale opened its doors in 1874. The Legislature and the Supreme Court of the Kingdom of Hawai'i were the original occupants of the building. After the overthrow of the Monarchy in 1893, the Legislature moved to 'Iolani Palace. Ali'iōlani Hale has remained the home of the Supreme Court for well over 100 years. The National Museum, the first museum in Hawai'i, opened in Ali'iōlani Hale in 1874. For many years, the National Museum occupied rooms on the second floor and welcomed visitors to view its fine collection of Hawaiian artifacts. In 1898, the Republic of Hawaii's government transferred ownership of the collection to the Bishop Museum.



The old Courthouse, located at the present site of Topa Financial Center, was the home of the judicial branch of the Kingdom until Ali'iolani Hale opened in 1874. (State Archives)



Annual Report Fiscal Year 2011-2012

King Kamehameha V

Judiciary History Center Ali'iōlani Hale 417 S. King Street Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813 Phone (808) 539-4999 FAX (808) 539-4996 www.jhchawaii.net

What people are saying about the Judiciary History Center

"Ancient way of judging is interesting. Under martial law, local life was forced into inconvenient, unreasonable stress. It was touching, made me cry imagining how they lived."

Visitor, Japan

"So much more than Hawaii 5-0, what a fabulous place for the administration of justice." *Visitor, Hong Kong*

"Your struggles with land use planning and stewardship are very familiar. The museum and the films were highly interesting." *Visitor, Oregon*

"Fascinating exhibit. I am a lawyer from California and found it very interesting." *Visitor, California*

"Excellent, a wonderful view of the evolution of law in Hawaii. Anyone can benefit by visiting this exhibit." *Visitor, California* "Fascinating. A good selection of historical periods made to illustrate the transition from Hawaiian pre-colonial to western jurisprudence." *Visitor, Canada*

"Thank you for your excellent work putting this exhibit together and the restoration of the courtroom."

Visitor, Massachusettes

"Thank you for such good information on the history of Hawaii. My grandchildren will love coloring the King Kamehameha sheet." *Resident, Wyoming*

"Totally amazing. Wonderful how well-kept and alive the history is. Great and thank you for sharing." *Visitor, Australia*

"My dad's letters from Base 8 hospital in WWII were censored sometimes. Thanks for the exhibit on martial law." *Visitor, Texas*



Ali'iōlani Hale rear view, circa 1874 (State Archives)

KING KAMEHAMEHA V JUDICIARY HISTORY CENTER

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King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center

Purpose	The King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center (the Center) is a permanent educational institution created to inform and provide learning opportunities about the judicial process and Hawaii's legal history from pre-contact to present. The Center, an administrative program of the Hawai'i State Judiciary, conducts and encourages research, disseminates information, and collects, preserves and displays materials. Interpreting over 200 years of dynamic legal history through audio visual presentations, exhibitions, and public programs, the Center serves as a bridge between the Judiciary and the community.
Governance	Established by the Hawai'i State Legislature in 1990 through Act 211, the Center is governed by a five member executive board appointed by Hawaii's Chief Justice.
Visitors	Since opening to the public in September 1989, the Center has become a popular educational resource. This fiscal year the Center welcomed over 52,000 visitors, including more than 10,500 students.
History	The origins of the Center date back to the 1970s and the recommendations of a citizens committee advising Chief Justice William S. Richardson, on the renovation of Ali'iōlani Hale. The original idea was to develop an educational facility that would help citizens understand today's system of law by examining Hawaiian concepts of law and the development of Hawaii's judiciary. Given Ali'iōlani Hale's historic significance, the Center occupies a highly visible and ideal location in Honolulu's historic capitol district.
	Grants from the National Endowment for the Humanities to the Judiciary funded extensive research on Hawaii's court records. This research uncovered information used for the planning and development of the Center's permanent exhibits. Additional funding was provided by appropriations from the Hawai'i State Legislature, and contributions from the Friends of the Judiciary History Center.
	Formal dedication and opening ceremonies for the Center were held on September 12, 1989, with a message from Governor John Waihe'e, and a blessing by Reverend Abraham Akaka.
Hours	The general public is welcome to take self-guided tours of the Center, located on the first floor of Ali'iōlani Hale, on Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. There is no admission fee. Visits by school and community groups with reservations are welcome on weekdays (excluding holidays).
Website	Visit the Judiciary History Center's website at www.jhchawaii.net for information concerning the Center's tours, curriculum, publications, volunteer program, and historic Ali'iōlani Hale.

Collections

The Center collects and preserves objects and documents that reflect Hawaii's judicial history. The collection currently contains artifacts, portraits, furnishings, and historical documents.

Chief Justice Wilfred Tsukiyama Collection

The Center recieved a donation of archival documents from the Tsukiyama family. Justice Tsukiyama began his legal career in the 1920s and later served as Deputy City & County Attorney. He served several terms in the Territorial Senate in the 1940's and 1950's, including stints as president and minority leader. Tsukiyama was the first Chief Justice of the State of Hawaii and the first Japanese American to head a state Supreme Court. He resigned in 1965. The donated documents include opinions, speeches, correspondence, newspaper clippings, scrapbooks, and photographs.

Exhibits

The Center exhibits offer visitors the experience of both contemporary displays and a restored 1913 courtroom.

The **Monarchy Court Gallery** documents the 19th century transition from Hawaiian *kapu* to a western judicial system. Featuring a detailed model of Honolulu in the 1850s and artifacts from the first courthouse building, this exhibit has become the focal point of learning for adults and students.

Equipped with authentic furnishings, artifacts, and reproductions, the restored **1913 Courtroom** is used for mock trials, reenactments, lectures, and dramatic performances. Students gain hands-on experience in the courtroom, reenacting historical court cases.

An exhibit in the 1913 courtroom, **Who's Who** in the Courtroom, interprets the court process and the players in a courtroom. Designed to identify courtroom personnel and their roles in court proceedings, this interactive exhibit helps to educate visitors, especially students, about the trial process.

Ali'iōlani Hale, along the *makai* hall, traces the building's history through photographs, documents, and art work. The display also features the story of



In 1931, Thalia Massie, the wife of a U.S. Navy officer, accused these five men of assault. Their trial and the trial of those accused of the subsequent murder of one of the defendents, Joseph Kahahawai (fourth from left), shook the social status quo in Hawai'i and made headlines across the United States.

the Kamehameha Statue, a sentinel to Ali'iōlani Hale for over one hundred years.

Hawai'i Under Martial Law excites both school children and adults alike. Depicting the drastic changes caused by almost four years of martial law, the exhibit illustrates daily life in Hawai'i under military rule.

<u>Films</u>

When Fear Reigned tells the true story of four children living in Hawai'i during martial law and the fragile nature of democracy in times of national crisis. Following Japan's attack on Pearl Harbor, fear of invasion, further attacks, and sabotage, prompted quick governmental decisions. On December 7, 1941 at 4:30 p.m., the Territorial Governor signed a proclamation declaring Martial Law. For the next three years, military rule replaced Hawaii's civilian government. Daily life changed drastically as the military reorganized the territory and enacted a number of new laws called General Orders. Civilian courts were replaced by military courts.

Four other film presentations are featured in the Center's Theatre. **Law of the Land** illustrates the change from traditional, shared land-use rights to the western concept of private property ownership. **Kānāwai** shows changing attitudes towards water use in the 19th century by examining the surface water case of <u>Peck v. Bailey</u>. In a landmark decision, the Kingdom of Hawaii's Supreme Court dramatically redefined water rights in Hawai'i. <u>Oni v. Meek</u> introduces students to one of the Kingdom's most important Supreme Court decisions involving land rights. The DVD brings the case's characters to life and prepares students for the trial they will reenact in the Center's 1913 Courtroom. Animal Trials introduces lower elementary students to late 19th century trials involving animals. The unruly behavior of animals, especially in an increasingly urbanized Honolulu, resulted in a number of court cases.

The Center also offers two films for use in the classroom: **Kaulike** documents the development of a western judicial system in Hawai'i and provides an overview of the current court system. **Trial of a Queen** focuses on the issues surrounding the armed overthrow of the Hawaiian monarchy, the counter-rebellion, and subsequent trial of Queen Lili'uokalani.



The film, *Kānāwai*, focuses on water rights in Hawai'i, from the Kingdom to present day.



The film, <u>Oni v. Meek</u>, focuses on the transition from traditional land use to western property rights.



Students from Tokai International College visit the Center.

Research and Publications

Judges & Lawyers Database

Legal research on the role of the courts in Hawaiian society during the Monarchy period culminated in an analysis of over 20,000 cases preserved in the State Archives. As an outgrowth of this research, a database of 19th century judges and lawyers of the Monarchy period has been produced. New information is incorporated as it becomes uncovered.

Translations

Final editing was completed on the Civil and Criminal Minute Book of Judge Naiapa'akai from August of 1864 to July of 1869. Judge Naiapa'akai was a District Judge for the Hāmākua district of Hawai'i. A glossary of Hawaiian legal terms, brief biographical sketches of attorneys identified in the volume, and an index will complete the project.

Education Programs

The Judiciary History Center offers schools, colleges, and the general public a number of lawrelated educational activities and resources. Law-Related Education (LRE) has evolved from the assumption that individuals who understand the reasons for laws and the institutions that support them are more likely to act responsibly in society. Students exposed to LRE are better able to predict consequences of breaking the law. They may also be more capable of resolving disputes independent of the court system. The Center is one of the few providers of LRE programs and materials in the state.

University of Hawai'i, William S. Richardson School of Law

Every year, incoming first year law students visit the Center during their orientation. Students have the opportunity to tour the Center, the Law Library, and meet the Chief Justice.

Learning Activities at the Center

During the 2011-2012 fiscal year, the Center welcomed over 10,500 students and their teachers to its education programs. Many students interacted with judges who spoke with them during their tours or at their schools as part the Center's Judiciary Speakers Bureau. Educational tours supplement school curriculum and provide an exciting alternative learning environment for students and teachers. A variety of school tour formats have been developed to complement Department of Education benchmarks for grades two through twelve. Students enjoy a selection of short films, guided tours of the Center's exhibits, and scripted mock trials in the Center's restored 1913 Courtroom. Post-visit materials compliment the Center's learning activities back in the classroom. The following schools and organizations toured the Center during the 2011–2012 fiscal year:

Elementary Schools

Ala Wai Elementary **Āliamanu** Elementary Ali'iōlani Elementary **DeSilva** Elementary 'Ewa Elementary 'Ewa Beach Elementary Hau'ula Elementary Helemano Elementary Honowai Elementary Iroquois Point Elementary Kāhala Elementary Kahalu'u Elementary Kahuku Elementary Kaimukī Christian School Kainalu Elementary Kalei'opu'u Elementary Kalihi Kai Elementary Kamehameha Schools Kapālama Elementary Kauluwela Elementary Kekaha Elementary Keone'ula Elementary King Liholiho Elementary Kula Kaiapuni o Pāia Lanikai Elementary Le Jardin Academy Leihoku Elementary Lunalilo Elementary Ma'ema'e Elementary Mākaha Elementary Makalapa Elementary Mānana Elementary Maukalani Elementary Mililani 'Ike Elementary Mililani Mauka Elementary Myron B. Thompson Academy Nimitz Elementary Pearl City Elementary Pearl City Highlands Elementary Pearl Harbor Elementary

Pearl Ridge Elementary Pukalani Elementary Red Hill Elementary Sacred Hearts School Salt Lake Elementary Soto Academy St. John Vianney School Sunset Beach Elementary Voyager PCS Waimalu Elementary Waimānalo Elementary & Inter. Waipahu Elementary Waolani Judd Nazarene School Webling Elementary Wilson Elementary

Middle & Intermediate Schools

'Aiea Intermediate Hawaiian Mission Academy Highlands Intermediate Kamehameha Schools Le Jardin Academy Our Savior Lutheran School Pa'auilo Intermediate St. John Vianney School Star of the Sea School Stevenson Middle Waipahu Intermediate Waolani Judd Nazarene School Washington Middle School

High Schools

'Aiea High School Assets School Farrington High School Hawaii Baptist Academy Honoka'a High & Intermediate Kahuku High & Intermediate Kaimukī High School Kamehameha – O'ahu Ko'olau Baptist Academy Leilehua High school Mid Pacific Institute Mililani High School Pearl City High School Punahou School St. Francis School

Adult, Secondary, and Special Groups

Boy Scouts of America F.B.I. Franciscan Adult Day Center Global Village Hawai'i Pacific University Hawai'i Tokai Internationl College Heald College Honolulu Community School for Adults Honolulu Community College Intercultural Communication College 'Iolani Palace Docents Kapi'olani Community College Leeward Community College McKinley Community School for Adults National Defense University National Guard Youth Challenge Newcomers Club of Honolulu One Kalākaua Senior Living Partners in Development Pō'ailani, Inc. Teen Pact Thai Delegation Univ. of Hawai'i at Manoa Univ. of Hawai'i – William S. Richardson Law School Univ. of Hawai'i - Outreach University of Phoenix

Mahalo to the **Sidney Stern Memorial Trust** for providing a \$2,500 grant to help underwite the cost of bus transportation for Title 1 schools.

Curricula

The Trial of Nathaniel Bacon

A mock-trial activity created to meet Hawaii's Social Studies Benchmarks for fifth grade students visiting the History Center. Focusing on the conflicts that arose between the Native Americans and the Colonists, the curriculum also examines conflict amongst the Colonists themselves and the Crown.

Authority & Power Without Authority, Rules and Laws

The Center has two tour activities to address the DOE's 3rd grade Social Studies Benchmarks. *Authority and Power* examines the legitimacy of power. Students learn to differentiate between power backed by might and power backed by right. In *Rules and Laws*, students compare the origins, purposes, and consequences of rules and laws. The two activities combine to create a powerful learning experience in the museum setting. Students gain a clear picture of legitimate authority and legislative intent.

Judges in the Classroom

Introduces students to Hawaii's juvenile justice system. Lessons discuss the difference between trial and appellate courts, a judge's role as an interpreter of law, and what it takes to become a judge. The lessons were developed for judges to use during school speaking engagements. The complete curriculum package is available on the Center's website.

<u>Oni v. Meek</u>

A mock-trial activity that reenacts a landmark court case from the Monarchy Period. Students argue this historic case in the Center's restored 1913 courtroom, while learning about a courtroom's layout and the roles of courtroom personnel. A jury of students renders a verdict, and the activity concludes with a discussion about the case's actual verdict.

Trial of a Queen: 1895 Military Tribunal

A curriculum guide that examines the 1895 military trial of Queen Lili'uokalani on charges of misprision of treason. While role playing characters of various political backgrounds, students discover events leading up to the Queen's trial, and gain both a legal and human perspective of the judicial process.

Animal Cases

A collection of scripted court cases based on transcripts from the District Courts of the Hawaiian Kingdom that introduces elementary students to the judicial process. Cases involving theft of a chicken, runaway pigs, and reckless horseback riding encourage student jurors to consider evidence, issues of choice and consequence, and social responsibility.

Martial Law in Hawaii

Within hours of the bombing of Pearl Harbor on December 7, 1941, daily life in Hawai'i drastically changed. The Center's curriculum for high school and college students helps them understand the significance of military laws in a democratic society. Students learn about the military government, suspension of habeas corpus, general orders, provost courts, and efforts to reestablish civilian control through legal challenges to martial law. Students are able to conduct a mock trial of the noteworthy <u>Duncan v. Kahanamoku</u> case.

Speakers Bureau

The Center coordinates the Judiciary Speakers Bureau, arranging for judges to speak at schools and community group settings, and providing curriculum materials as needed. This past year, judges spoke to students and adults in a number of settings. Judicial participation is one of the most effective means to provide the public with accurate information concerning the justice system. Judges address the role of the courts and legal profession as well as other topics of interest.

Teacher Workshops and Student Programs

Courts in the Community

For the first time in Hawaii's history, the Supreme Court heard oral argument at a public school. Courts in the Community is the Judiciary's latest effort to educate students and the public about the Judiciary's role in American democracy. To assist the program, the Center, working with the William S. Richardson School of Law, created a standards-based unit plan, introducing students to the appellate process, and culminating with a moot court activity on the case being argued before the court. Students from the law school assisted in preparing for the moot court activity. After arguing the case themselves, the students observed the actual Supreme Court hearing and met with the attorneys and the justices immediately following the argument. The inaugural event was hosted by Farrington High School with more than 150 students from Farrington and Mililani attending. The case argued was State v. Cabagbag, which dealt with the issue of eyewitness testimony.

We the People: The Citizen and the Constitution

We the People is a national program developed to help students understand the U.S. Constitution and its history, and their role as citizens. The Center's annual We The People workshop was conducted in July, and examined the challenges of American citizenship for native peoples. Presenters included: Dr. David Wilkins, McKnight Presidential Professorship in American Indian Studies at the University of Minnesota; Melody MacKenzie, Assistant Professor of Law, William S. Richardson School of Law; and Paul Ongtooguk, Assistant Professor, College of Education, University of Alaska. Keahe led the teacher participants in a field trip to 'Iolani Palace and Sandra Cashman provided instructional strategies in We The People lessons. Thirty teachers from Alaska and Hawai'i attended the training, which was funded by the Center for Civic Education and the Hawai'i Council for the Humanities. The presenters addressed the topic, What Challenges Face American Constitutional Democracy in the 21st Century? - What are the greatest challenges of American citizenship for Native peoples? What tensions exists today between national unity, state sovereignty, and native governments? What are the advantages and disadvantages, if any, of being a citizen of both the United States and a native government. The workshop culminated with a simulated congressional hearing during which teachers were given the opportunity to express their opinions on the subject of citizenship.

We the People High School Competition

In a simulated congressional hearing competition held at the First Circuit Court of Hawai'i, 'Iolani School, Island Pacific Academy, Kahuku High & Intermediate, and Kealakehe High School vied for the chance to represent Hawai'i at the National Finals in Washington, D.C. Kahuku High School was victorious. They represented our state at the national finals, and enjoyed exploring our nation's capitol and meeting civic-minded students from around the country.



Korematsu v. United States: Justice Denied

In October the Center partnered with the Hawai'i Department of Education, the Hawai'i State Bar Association, and the William S. Richardson School of Law to present a teacher workshop on the U.S. Supreme Court case Korematsu v. United States. University of Hawai'i law professor Eric Yamamoto was the keynote speaker. Joining Professor Yamamoto in addressing the assembled teachers was Karen Korematsu, daughter of Fred Korematsu and cofounder of the Korematsu Institute. University of Hawai'i at Mānoa Associate Professor Marcus Daniel set the historical context for the teachers with his presentation examining global, national, and local events that preceded the historic case. A post-workshop presentation by Neil Katyal, former Solicitor General of the United States, was held at Ali'iolani Hale on October 27. Mr. Katyal discussed his role as lead counsel in Hamdan v. Rumsfeld, as well as the suppression of critical evidence by former Solicitor General, Charles Fahy, in the related cases of Hirabayashi v. United States and Yasui v. United States. The lecture was attended by students from Farrington High and Mililani High Schools and was broadcast to DOE middle and high schools.

Challenges and New Interpretations: Constitutional Freedoms Over Time

In March the Center partnered with the Hawai'i State DOE, the Hawai'i State Bar Association, and the William S. Richardson School of Law to conduct a one-day teacher workshop. The workshop focused on the historical challenges to the Constitution over time resulting in new interpretations of free speech, free press, privacy, civil rights, and voting rights. Presenters included Dean Aviam Soiffer of the William S. Richardson School of Law, Jeffrey Portnoy, partner in the law firm of Cades Shutte, Rosanna Fukuda, Social Studies Specialists with the DOE, Dennis Tynan, Social Studies teacher at Nānākuli High & Intermediate School, and Keahe Davis, the Center's Education Specialist.

High School Mock Trial Tournament

The Center, with the Young Lawyers Division of the Hawai'i State Bar Association, coordinated the Hawai'i High School Mock Trial Tournament. The competition offers students an excellent opportunity to discover the judicial process through active participation. Devising legal arguments, evaluating evidence, and predicting and responding to the strategy of their opponents promotes students' critical thinking and problem solving skills. The following high schools participated in this year's competition: *Campbell, Connections PCS, Farrington, Hana, Hawai'i Baptist Academy, Hilo, 'Iolani, Island Academy, Kapa'a, Kapolei, Kaua'i, McKinley, Mililani, Moanalua, Olomana, Punahou, St. Joseph, Wai'anae, Waimea, and St. Louis.* Moanalua High placed first and went on to represent Hawai'i at the National Finals.

Constitution Day

In September, the Center observed Constitution Day with a Home School consortium. The students delved into various aspects of the document that is the cornerstone of our democracy.

U.S. Supreme Court Justice Visits Hawai'i

Supreme Court Justice Sonia Sotomayor, while participating in the Justice-in-Residence program at the William S. Richardson School of Law, took time to address students from several O'ahu high schools at Farrington High School. The address was webcast to students across the state.

Public Programs

Ho'okupu Mākou īa Richardson: We Pay Tribute to Richardson

A public program commemorating the person and accomplishments of Chief Justice William S. Richardson was held in the Supreme Court on the evening of August 8, 2011. The program featured selected contributors from the UH Law Review dedicated to the former Chief Justice. Melody MacKenzie, Ivan Lui-Kwan, Mari Matsuda, and Justice Simeon Acoba, along with Law Review coeditors Lynda Arakawa and Christopher Leong shared their feelings and perspectives on Chief Justice Richardson's life and long-lasting contributions. Closing remarks were made by Chief Justice Mark E. Recktenwald.

Spirit of Place and Reconciliation

In September, the Center conducted a breakout session for the Western Museum Association's annual conference. Moderated by Matt Mattice, Spirit of Place examined the personal and subjective phenomena of cultural heritage. Suzanne Bott, National Park Service Planner, discussed instruments to measure the intrinsic value of culturally significant sites. Janice Kelsey, Director of Ministry for the Greater Shiloh Missionary Baptist Church in Birmingham, shared her experience as a participant in the Children's March of 1963, noting Birmingham's transformation from a place of revolution to one of reconciliation. Amy Perruso, Mililani High School teacher, concluded with an overview of her students' annual service learning trip to Kaho'olawe, and the island's tremendous impact on their lives.

Honor our Children: Children and Youth Day

In October, the Center participated in the 17th annual Children and Youth Day event. The Center conducted tours, showed short films on legal topics, and conducted mock trials. Associate Judge Katherine Leonard and attorneys Robert Ueoka and Thao Tran of Kobayashi Sugita & Goda also conducted a Boy Scout merit badge workshop.



She was Their Light: Yeiko Mizobe So and the Japanese Women's Home

On September 29, 2011, the History Center and the Distinctive Women in Hawaiian History project cosponsored this evening program. Kelli Nakamura, Kapi'olani Community College History Instructor, presented the story of Yeiko Mizobe So, founder and operator of the Japanese Women's Home. The home, which operated from 1895 to 1905, sheltered over 700 abused women, most of them Japanese picture brides. Calleen Chang, Senior Staff Attorney for the Hawai'i Immigrant Justice Center, discussed issues faced by immigrant women and their families today. The program was funded by the Hawai'i Council for the Humanities.

Mai Poina: The Annexation Debate

The Center partnered with the Center for Biographical Research at the University of Hawai'i at Mānoa and the Hawai'i Council for the Humanities to offer this living history performance for five nights in February, 2012. The Annexation Debate was developed to highlight the range of argument in support and against the United States' annexation of Hawai'i in 1898. After each performance, panelists Yuklin Aluli, Leilani Basham, Jonathan Osorio, Noenoe Silva, and Daviana McGregor discussed the topic, giving their historical perspective and answering questions from the audience.

Historic Preservation Day at the Legislature

In March the Center joined in the annual celebration of Historic Preservation Day at the State Capitol in March. The event provides a venue for museums, historical sites, and cultural organizations to highlight efforts in preserving Hawaii's history. Legislators and the general public visited the Center's display area throughout the day.

Law Day 2012

The Center was pleased to welcome Hawai'i Pacific University Professor Douglas Askman for a presentation on appellate courts. Dr. Askman has researched and visited various national and provincial Supreme Courts around the world. His presentation, accompanied by photographs, examined the organizational, historical, and architectural features of those courts and the buildings that house them.



Monarchy Court Galley and Martial Law Exhibits

Visitor Attendance 2011-2012

Visitors	42,088
School Programs	10,500
TOTAL	52,588

Financial Statement 2011-2012

Personnel	\$189,679
Equipment	\$1,823
Expenses/Supplies	\$11,047
TOTAL	\$202,549

Grants

The Center, through its nonprofit Friends group, was awarded \$37,168 by the Center for Civic Education and \$5,094 from the Hawai'i Council for the Humanities to run the *We the People Program* in Hawai'i. In addition, we received a \$2,500 Sidney Stern Memorial Trust grant to underwrite the cost of school buses for field trips to the Center.

Executive Board

General administrative responsibilities for the Judiciary History Center rest with a five-member executive board appointed by the Honorable Chief Justice.



Associate Justice Sabrina McKenna received her B.A. in Japanese in 1978 from the University of Hawai'i at Mānoa, and her J.D. in 1982 from the William S. Richardson School

of Law. Justice McKenna practiced at Goodsill Anderson Quinn & Stifel until 1987, then became in-house counsel to Otaka, Inc., a Japan-based international business organization, until 1990. From 1991 to 1993, she was an Assistant Professor ar WSRSL. She became a state District Court judge in late 1993, then a First Circuit Court judge in 1995, eventually serving as Senior Judge of the Family Court of the First Circuit. She was sworn in as Associate Justice of the Hawai'i Supreme Court on March 3, 2011.



Ray Enos is the Staff Attorney for Senator Clayton Hee. He is a graduate of the William S. Richardson School of Law. He worked for the Office of the Public Defender before joining

the Department of Attorney General, Land and Transportation Division, where he was assigned to the Kaho'olawe Island Reserve Commission. Upon leaving the AG's office, Enos served as the Senior Policy Advisor for Government Affairs at the Kaho'olawe Island Reserve Commission.



Karen Kosasa is the Director of the Museum Studies Graduate Certificate Program and an Assistant Professor in American Studies at the University of Hawai'i. She has a MFA from the University of Hawai'i and a MA and PhD in Visual and Cultural Studies from the University of Rochester. For thirteen years she taught in the visual arts before moving into the field of museum studies.



Dean Avi Soifer has been Dean of the William S. Richardson School of Law at the University of Hawai'i since July 2003. He joined the University of Hawai'i after ten years at Boston College Law

School, where he served as dean from 1993-1998.A graduate of Yale Law School, Dean Soifer teaches and writes primarily about constitutional law, legal history, and law and humanities, and he has received several awards for his scholarly publications. His recent articles and book chapters concern religious freedom, disability rights, constitutional history, and judging and judgement.



Thao T. Tran joined Kobayashi, Sugita & Goda in 2008 as an associate practicing in the areas of Labor and Employment Law. She received her Juris Doctor degree from Northeastern University

School of Law in Boston and her Bachelor of Arts degree in Classical Studies, *summa cum laude*, from the University of Massachusetts at Amherst. Prior to joining the firm, Ms. Tran served as a law clerk for Hawaii's Honorable Chief Justice Ronald T.Y. Moon.

Friends of the Judiciary History Center

In 1983, Chief Justice Herman Lum appointed the first **Friends of the Judiciary History Center** board as an advisory group to support the Judiciary's development of the Judiciary History Center. In 1984, the Friends of the Judiciary Center of Hawai'i qualified as a tax exempt organization to provide services and raise funds for the Center. The Friends help support a wide range of exciting educational programs which teach about law and the judicial system.

Waina i Ke Kai

In October, the Friends held their third annual wine tasting fundraiser at Vino's Italian Wine & Tapas Bar at Restaurant Row. The fundraiser was a success and attendees were treated to spectacular selection of wines and food provided by proprietor Chuck Furuya.



Palace of Justice in Malaysia

Annual Meeting

The Annual Meeting for was held on July 10, 2012 and featured Professor Doug Askman of Hawai'i Pacific University. Dr. Askman revisited his Law Day address on Supreme Courts around the world, examining the organizational, historical, and architectural features of those courts and the buildings that house them.

Board of Directors

Nick DeWitt, President Melody Kubo, Vice-President Pamela Martin, Treasurer Linden Joesting, Secretary

Board Members

Jim Ashford Gregory Belnap Tony Benavente Matt Brown Richanne Lam Sonny Lee Mary Markovinovic Pamela Martin Elizabeth Zack

Volunteers

Ann Dankulich
Jack Houtz
Marilyn Leeloy
Jennifer Miele
Esther Kiki Mookini

Janet Ness Ed Pang Judy Parrish Betsy Sekiya George Wyman

In fiscal year 2011–2012, eleven hard-working and very dedicated volunteers helped the Center fulfill its mission to educate the public about Hawaii's judicial history. Without its dedicated volunteers, the Center would not be able to offer its wide array of programs. Volunteers provide a number of services to both the Center's visitors and staff. Greeters welcome walk-in guests and provide them with overviews of the Center's exhibits. For those who want a more in-depth learning experience, the Center's Docents offer guided tours. Research Specialists assist the Center's staff with projects like the Kingdom Court Translations.

In fiscal year 2011-2012, three of our volunteers retired: Jack Houtz, Ed Pang, and George Wyman. We sincerely thank them for their service and wish them the best. They will indeed be missed.

Excursions

Each year, the Friends acknowledge the Center's volunteers by treating them to an excursion and holiday luncheon. This year, the volunteers enjoyed a field trip to the renovated Valor in the Pacific National Monument at Pearl Harbor.

Personnel

Matt Mattice, Executive Director Keahe Davis, Education Specialist Toni Han Palermo, Program Specialist David Cypriano, Education Assistant

In Memoriam



Professor Jon Van Dyke from the William S. Richardson School of Law passed away on November 29, 2011. Jon was a tireless contributor to the Center's programs, films, and publications. He had an uncanny ability to convey

complex legal information in layperson's terms.



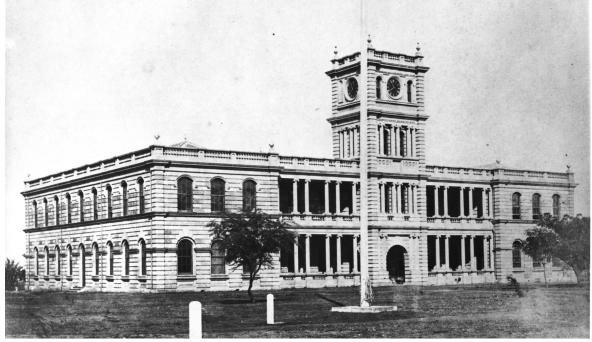
In April, the Friends of the Judiciary History Center and the Center's staff mourned the loss of Friend's President, **Nick DeWitt**. Nick practiced law for over thirty years and was a graduate of Indiana University

and Loyola Law School. Over the course of his career he dedicated countless hours to charity and civic-minded organizations.



In June we lost **Helen G. Chapin**. A former Dean and Vice President of HPU, Helen was a long time supporter of the Center. She was a member of the Friends of the Judiciary History Center from its founding and served on the

board of directors for two terms. She was very generous with her time and professional advice and up until her illness, Helen and her husband "Hank" were regulars at the Center's programs.



Ali'iōlani Hale circa 1874