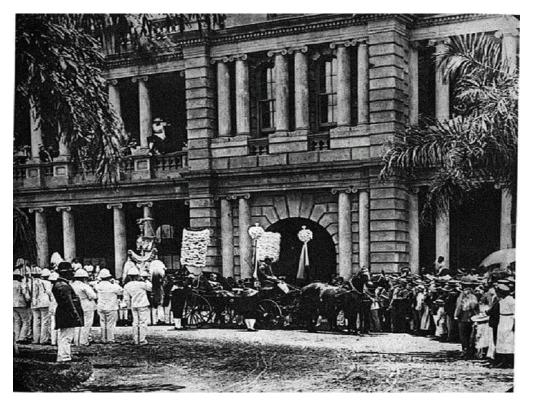
King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center

2012-2013 Annual Report



150 years ago, Queen Lili'uokalani leaves Ali'iōlani Hale on January 14, just days before the overthrow of the Kingdom of Hawai'i.

Hedemann Collection, Bishop Museum



Supreme Court — THE JUDICIARY · STATE OF HAWAI'I

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Mark E. Recktenwald CHIEF JUSTICE

December 2013

To the Honorable Members of the Twenty-Seventh Legislature:

I am pleased to submit the 2013 Annual Report of the King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center (the Center) as required by chapter 6F of the Hawai'i Revised Statutes.

Since 1989, the Center has been steadfast in its efforts to educate the public about Hawaii's unique legal history and the judicial process in general. From its home at Ali'iōlani Hale, the Center uses its exhibits, archives, public programs, school tours, mock trials, films, and publications to offer extensive learning opportunities for local residents and visitors from all over the world. This year, over 56,000 visitors took advantage of the Center's exhibits and education programs, including more than 11,000 students from schools and colleges throughout Hawai'i. Indeed, other states and foreign countries continue to view the Center as a model of judicial outreach.

This year, we expanded the *Courts in the Community* program under which Supreme Court arguments are periodically held in school settings. The program is part of the Judiciary's effort to educate students and the general public about the Judiciary's role in our government, and its function in resolving disputes in a democratic society. Students participate in several civics-related lesson plans prepared by the Center prior to observing an official Supreme Court oral argument proceeding. Two arguments have been held this past year--one last December at Baldwin High School on Maui and this month at the University of Hawai'i at Hilo. Since it's inception just over a year ago, the program has given more than a thousand students the opportunity to become engaged in the judicial process.

We thank you for your commitment to and support of this valuable educational institution. We would also like to encourage you, your constituents, and district schools to visit the Center to learn more about the exciting heritage of our branch of government.

Thank you for your steadfast support of the Center and its important work.

Sincerely,

Mml E. Rechterword

Mark E. Recktenwald Chief Justice



Office of the Administrative Director – King Kamehameha V – Judiciary History Center

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Rodney A. Maile ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR

Iris T. Murayama DEPUTY ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR Susan Pang Gochros INTERGOVERNMENTAL AND COMMUNITY RELATIONS DIRECTOR

Matt Mattice KING KAMEHAMEHA V JUDICIARY HISTORY CENTER EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

December, 2013

To the Honorable Members of the Twenty-seventh Legislature:

I am pleased to present you with the King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center's annual report for FY2012–2013. The Center was established by statute in 1990 to educate the public about Hawaii's legal history and the judicial process. We provide the public with civic and law-related educational activities and materials including tours of Ali'iōlani Hale and the First Circuit Court, public performances and lectures, statewide teacher workshops, curricula, publications, and films.

Last year, the Center created new partnerships to improve our educational outreach in Hawaii's schools. Working with the William S. Richardson School of Law, the Center prepared over 350 Maui high school students to hear oral argument at the first Supreme Court hearing conducted on Maui since the mid 19th century. We continued our flagship series of teacher workshops, partnering with the Hawai'i State Bar Association Civic Education Committee to provide free professional development leading to teacher reclassification and highly qualified status. The contemporary relevance of Hawaii's legal history was revealed through an array of public programs. Dr. Thomas Woods shed light on the use of Kingdom tax records in researching Hawaii's socio-economic and legal history. Author and historian, Anwei Law, examined the much overlooked advocacy efforts of patients at Kalaupapa, who lobbied extensively on policy issues affecting themselves and family. A local spotlight on civil rights was cast through reflection of our nation's civil rights movement and parallel struggles in Hawai'i. These and other topics resulted in new partnerships and growing audiences.

I would like to extend my appreciation to each of you for your continued support of this valuable educational institution. Your encouragement strengthens our role in educating the public about Hawaii's unique legal history and the Judiciary's role in American democracy. Mahalo for your belief in the importance of our mission.

Sincerely,

than men

Matt Mattice Executive Director

King Kamehameha V

Lot Kapuāiwa, grandson of Kamehameha I, ascended the throne in 1863 and was the last Kamehameha to rule the Kingdom of Hawai'i. As a national leader, Lot made foreign relations and the preservation of independence his primary objectives.

His advocacy for Hawaiians inspired a cultural renaissance which included the revival of hula and chant and licensing of medical *kāhuna* to practice their healing arts. During his reign, Lot commissioned a number of public works including the construction of Ali'iōlani Hale.

In 2000, the Judiciary History Center was renamed to the King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center in his honor.



King Kamehameha V

History of Ali'iōlani Hale

Historic Ali'iōlani Hale provides the ideal environment for the Judiciary History Center. Initiated during the reign of Kamehameha V and completed during the reign of Kalākaua, Ali'iōlani Hale opened its doors in 1874. The Legislature and the Supreme Court of the Kingdom of Hawai'i were the original occupants of the building. After the overthrow of the Monarchy in 1893, the Legislature moved to 'Iolani Palace. Ali'iōlani Hale has remained the home of the Supreme Court for well over 100 years. The National Museum, the first museum in Hawai'i, opened in Ali'iōlani Hale in 1874. For many years, the National Museum occupied rooms on the second floor and welcomed visitors to view its fine collection of Hawaiian artifacts. In 1898, the Republic of Hawaii's government transferred ownership of the collection to the Bishop Museum.



The old Courthouse, located at the present site of Topa Financial Center, was the home of the judicial branch of the Kingdom until Ali'iolani Hale opened in 1874. (State Archives)



Annual Report Fiscal Year 2012-2013

King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center

Ali'iōlani Hale 417 S. King Street Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813 Phone (808) 539-4999 FAX (808) 539-4996 www.jhchawaii.net

What people are saying about the Judiciary History Center

"Excellent presentation and staff. Have better knowledge of Hawai'i." *Visitor, Australia*

"First visit to building, though my father spent a lot of time here. Wonderful educational displays. I will recommend to friends." *Visitor, Honolulu*

"As a retired clerk of the court, I found this fantastic. Thanks for the chance to see it." *Visitor, Wyoming*

"Wonderful contents. I am impressed. I could understand Hawaiian history a bit." *Visitor, Japan*

"This is a very interesting, informative museum. I enjoyed it thoroughly, especially the courtroom. It was fascinating how the judicial system was formed."

Visitor, Canada

"I'm an attorney in Alabama. Very beautiful." *Visitor, Alabama*

"Enjoyed watching children in a mock trial. They were very knowledgeable." *Visitor, Kentucky*

"History gives us a foundation to grow and learn from. This is priceless." *Resident, Washington*

"My eyes have been opened to a whole new history." *Visitor, Wisconsin*

"Fantastic exhibit design and use of primary sources...a hidden gem." *Visitor, Virginia*

"Very interesting. Thankful that we are allowed to take pictures. We love history." *Visitor, Belgium*



Ali'iōlani Hale rear view, circa 1874 (State Archives)

KING KAMEHAMEHA V JUDICIARY HISTORY CENTER

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King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center

Purpose	The King Kamehameha V Judiciary History Center (the Center) is a permanent educational institution created to inform and provide learning opportunities about the judicial process and Hawaii's legal history from pre-contact to present. The Center, an administrative program of the Hawai'i State Judiciary, conducts and encourages research, disseminates information, and collects, preserves and displays materials. Interpreting over 200 years of dynamic legal history through audio visual presentations, exhibitions, and public programs, the Center serves as a bridge between the Judiciary and the community.
Governance	Established by the Hawai'i State Legislature in 1990 through Act 211, the Center is governed by a five member executive board appointed by Hawaii's Chief Justice.
Visitors	Since opening to the public in September 1989, the Center has become a popular educational resource. This fiscal year the Center welcomed over 52,000 visitors, including more than 10,500 students.
History	The origins of the Center date back to the 1970s and the recommendations of a citizens committee advising Chief Justice William S. Richardson, on the renovation of Ali'iōlani Hale. The original idea was to develop an educational facility that would help citizens understand today's system of law by examining Hawaiian concepts of law and the development of Hawaii's judiciary. Given Ali'iōlani Hale's historic significance, the Center occupies a highly visible and ideal location in Honolulu's historic capitol district.
	Grants from the National Endowment for the Humanities to the Judiciary funded extensive research on Hawaii's court records. This research uncovered information used for the planning and development of the Center's permanent exhibits. Additional funding was provided by appropriations from the Hawai'i State Legislature, and contributions from the Friends of the Judiciary History Center.
	Formal dedication and opening ceremonies for the Center were held on September 12, 1989, with a message from Governor John Waihe'e, and a blessing by Reverend Abraham Akaka.
Hours	The general public is welcome to take self-guided tours of the Center, located on the first floor of Ali'iōlani Hale, on Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. There is no admission fee. Visits by school and community groups with reservations are welcome on weekdays (excluding holidays).
Website	Visit the Judiciary History Center's website at www.jhchawaii.net for information concerning the Center's tours, curriculum, publications, volunteer program, and historic Ali'iolani Hale.

Collections

The Center collects and preserves objects and documents that reflect Hawaii's judicial history. The collection currently contains artifacts, portraits, furnishings, and historical documents.

U.S. Senator Daniel K. Inouye Law License

The Judiciary received a donation of the law license of Senator Daniel K. Inouye, who passed away at the end of 2012. Irene Hirano Inouye presented the license to Chief Justice Recktenwald. The law license qualifies Inouye as a "consellor and solicitor" and was signed by Chief Justice Edward Towse on July 24, 1953.

Exhibits

The Center exhibits offer visitors the experience of both contemporary displays and a restored 1913 courtroom.

The **Monarchy Court Gallery** documents the 19th century transition from Hawaiian *kapu* to a western judicial system. Featuring a detailed model of Honolulu in the 1850s and artifacts from the first courthouse building, this exhibit has become the focal point of learning for adults and students.

Equipped with authentic furnishings, artifacts, and reproductions, the restored **1913 Courtroom** is used for mock trials, reenactments, lectures, and dramatic performances. Students gain hands-on experience in the courtroom, reenacting historical court cases.

An exhibit in the 1913 courtroom, **Who's Who** in the Courtroom, interprets the court process and the players in a courtroom. Designed to identify courtroom personnel and their roles in court proceedings, this interactive exhibit helps to educate visitors, especially students, about the trial process.

Ali'iōlani Hale, along the *makai* hall, traces the building's history through photographs, documents,

and art work. The display also features the story of the Kamehameha Statue, a sentinel to Ali'iōlani Hale for over one hundred years.

Hawai'i Under Martial Law excites both school children and adults alike. Depicting the drastic changes caused by almost four years of martial law, the exhibit illustrates daily life in Hawai'i under military rule.

Comprehensive Interpretive Plan

In 2012, the Center took a first step in updating its exhibition and program objectives with the creation of a new Comprehensive Interpretive Plan. The plan's content 1) examines the change from prewestern contact Hawaiian concepts of justice to a legal system combining both Hawaiian and western legal tenets, and 2) enhances understanding of the change by providing contextual setting. To date, six drafts of the plan have been reviewed by selected groups of the Center's stakeholders. A final draft will be sent to a broader section of stakeholders for their review and vetting. The completed plan will inform the content of the Center's future exhibitions, programming, and on-line presence.



On January 18, 1893, Col. John Soper of the Provisional Government, discharges the Queen's Guard.

Hawai'i State Archives

<u>Films</u>

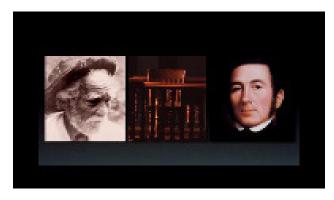
When Fear Reigned tells the true story of four children living in Hawai'i during martial law and the fragile nature of democracy in times of national crisis. Following Japan's attack on Pearl Harbor, fear of invasion, further attacks, and sabotage, prompted quick governmental decisions. On December 7, 1941 at 4:30 p.m., the Territorial Governor signed a proclamation declaring Martial Law. For the next three years, military rule replaced Hawaii's civilian government. Daily life changed drastically as the military reorganized the territory and enacted a number of new laws called General Orders. Civilian courts were replaced by military courts.

Four other film presentations are featured in the Center's Theatre. Law of the Land illustrates the change from traditional, shared land-use rights to the western concept of private property ownership. **Kānāwai** shows changing attitudes towards water use in the 19th century by examining the surface water case of <u>Peck v. Bailey</u>. In a landmark decision, the Kingdom of Hawaii's Supreme Court dramatically redefined water rights in Hawai'i. <u>Oni v. Meek</u> introduces students to one of the Kingdom's most important Supreme Court decisions involving land rights. The DVD brings the case's characters to life and prepares students for the trial they will reenact in the Center's 1913 Courtroom. **Animal Trials** introduces lower elementary students to late 19th century trials involving animals. The unruly behavior of animals, especially in an increasingly urbanized Honolulu, resulted in a number of court cases.

The Center also offers two films for use in the classroom: **Kaulike** documents the development of a western judicial system in Hawai'i and provides an overview of the current court system. **Trial of a Queen** focuses on the issues surrounding the armed overthrow of the Hawaiian monarchy, the counter-rebellion, and subsequent trial of Queen Lili'uokalani.



The film, *Kānāwai*, focuses on water rights in Hawai'i, from the Kingdom to present day.



The film, <u>Oni v. Meek</u>, focuses on the transition from traditional land use to western property rights.



Law Day 2013 event held in Supreme Court courtroom.

Research and Publications

Judges & Lawyers Database

Legal research on the role of the courts in Hawaiian society during the Monarchy period culminated in an analysis of over 20,000 cases preserved in the State Archives. As an outgrowth of this research, a database of 19th century judges and lawyers of the Monarchy period has been produced. New information is incorporated as it becomes uncovered.

Education Programs

The Judiciary History Center offers schools, colleges, and the general public a number of law-related educational activities and resources. Law-Related Education (LRE) has evolved from the assumption that individuals who understand the reasons for laws and the institutions that support them are more likely to act responsibly in society. Students exposed to LRE are better able to predict consequences of breaking the law. They may also be more capable of resolving disputes independent of the court system. The Center is one of the few providers of LRE programs and materials in the state.

University of Hawai'i, William S. Richardson School of Law

Every year, incoming first year law students visit the Center during their orientation. Students have the opportunity to tour the Center, the Law Library, and meet the Chief Justice.

Learning Activities at the Center

During the 2012-2013 fiscal year, the Center welcomed over 11,000 students and their teachers to its education programs. Many students interacted with judges who spoke with them during their tours or at their schools as part the Center's Judiciary Speakers Bureau. Educational tours supplement school curriculum and provide an exciting alternative learning environment for students and teachers. A variety of school tour formats have been developed to complement Department of Education benchmarks for grades two through twelve. Students enjoy a selection of short films, guided tours of the Center's exhibits, and scripted mock trials in the Center's restored 1913 Courtroom. Post-visit materials compliment the Center's learning activities back in the classroom. The following schools and organizations toured the Center during the 2012–2013 fiscal year:

Elementary Schools

Āliamanu Elementary Ali'iōlani Elementary August Ahrens Elementary **DeSilva** Elementary 'Ewa Elementary 'Ewa Beach Elementary Hawai'i Baptist Academy Hawai'i Technology Academy Hongwanji Mission School Honowai Elementary Huaka'ilani School Iroquois Point Elementary Ka'a'awa Elementary Kāhala Elementary Kaimukī Christian School Kainalu Elementary Kalei'opu'u Elementary Kalihi Kai Elementary Kamehameha Schools Keone'ula Elementary King Liholiho Elementary Kuhiō Elementary Kula Kaiapuni o Pāia Lanikai Elementary Le Jardin Academy Leihoku Elementary Lunalilo Elementary Ma'ema'e Elementary Makalapa Elementary Mānana Elementary Maukalani Elementary Mililani 'Ike Elementary Myron B. Thompson Academy Nimitz Elementary Pearl City Elementary Pearl City Highlands Elementary Pearl Harbor Elementary Pearl Ridge Elementary Pōhākea Elementary Pukalani Elementary

Sacred Hearts School Salt Lake Elementary Soto Academy St. John Vianney School Waimalu Elementary Waipahu Elementary Webling Elementary Wilson Elementary

Middle & Intermediate Schools

'Aiea Intermediate
Central Middle School
Hawaiian Mission Academy
Highlands Intermediate
'Ilima Intermediate
Kalākaua Middle School
Kamehameha Schools
Kapolei Middle School
Le Jardin Academy
Maryknoll School
St. John Vianney School
Stevenson Middle
Waipahu Intermediate

High Schools

Assets School Hawaii Baptist Academy Honoka'a High & Intermediate Kaimukī High School Kalani High School Kamehameha Schools – O'ahu Pearl City High School Punahou School Roosevelt High School

Adult, Secondary, and Special Groups

Alternative Care Services Boy Scouts of America Chaminade University Farrington Community School F.B.I. Global Village Hadasah - Women's Zionist Organization of America Hakuoh University Hawai'i Council for the Humanities Hawai'i Pacific University Hawai'i Tokai Internationl College Heald College International Mid-Pacific College Intercultural Communication College 'Iolani Palace Docents JAG 25th Infantry Division Kanto Gakuin University Kapi'olani Community College Leeward Community College McKinley Community School for Adults National Guard Youth Challenge Pacific Palisades Community **Recreation Center** Parks and Recreation Senior Adventure Club Partners in Development Pōʻailani, Inc. Project Dana **P**ūpūkea Seniors Teen Pact Thai Delegation Univ. of Hawai'i at Mānoa William S. Richardson Law School Univeristy of Phoenix Waipahu Community School

Curricula

The Trial of Nathaniel Bacon

A mock-trial activity created to meet Hawaii's Social Studies Benchmarks for fifth grade students visiting the History Center. Focusing on the conflicts that arose between the Native Americans and the Colonists, the curriculum also examines conflict amongst the Colonists themselves and the Crown.

Authority & Power Without Authority, Rules and Laws

The Center has two tour activities to address the DOE's 3rd grade Social Studies Benchmarks. *Authority and Power* examines the legitimacy of power. Students learn to differentiate between power backed by might and power backed by right. In *Rules and Laws*, students compare the origins, purposes, and consequences of rules and laws. The two activities combine to create a powerful learning experience in the museum setting. Students gain a clear picture of legitimate authority and legislative intent.

Judges in the Classroom

Introduces students to Hawaii's juvenile justice system. Lessons discuss the difference between trial and appellate courts, a judge's role as an interpreter of law, and what it takes to become a judge. The lessons were developed for judges to use during school speaking engagements. The complete curriculum package is available on the Center's website.

<u>Oni v. Meek</u>

A mock-trial activity that reenacts a landmark court case from the Monarchy Period. Students argue this historic case in the Center's restored 1913 courtroom, while learning about a courtroom's layout and the roles of courtroom personnel. A jury of students renders a verdict, and the activity concludes with a discussion about the case's actual verdict.

Trial of a Queen: 1895 Military Tribunal

A curriculum guide that examines the 1895 military trial of Queen Lili'uokalani on charges of misprision of treason. While role playing characters of various political backgrounds, students discover events leading up to the Queen's trial, and gain both a legal and human perspective of the judicial process.

Animal Cases

A collection of scripted court cases based on transcripts from the District Courts of the Hawaiian Kingdom that introduces elementary students to the judicial process. Cases involving theft of a chicken, runaway pigs, and reckless horseback riding encourage student jurors to consider evidence, issues of choice and consequence, and social responsibility.

Martial Law in Hawai'i

Within hours of the bombing of Pearl Harbor on December 7,1941, daily life in Hawai'i drastically changed. The Center's curriculum for high school and college students helps them understand the significance of military laws in a democratic society. Students learn about the military government, suspension of habeas corpus, general orders, provost courts, and efforts to reestablish civilian control through legal challenges to martial law. Students are able to conduct a mock trial of the noteworthy <u>Duncan v. Kahanamoku</u> case.

Speakers Bureau

The Center coordinates the Judiciary Speakers Bureau, arranging for judges to speak at schools and community group settings, and providing curriculum materials as needed. This past year, judges spoke to students and adults in a number of settings. Judicial participation is one of the most effective means to provide the public with accurate information concerning the justice system. Judges address the role of the courts and legal profession as well as other topics of interest.

Teacher Workshops and Student Programs

Courts in the Community

Courts in the Community is the Judiciary's latest effort to educate students and the public about the Judiciary's role in American democracy. Following the success of the pilot program at Farrington High School, the Supreme Court convened on Maui for the first time in over 150 years at Baldwin High School in December. The Center, working with the William S. Richardson School of Law, created a standards-based unit plan, introducing students to the appellate process, and culminating with a moot court activity on the case being argued before the court. After arguing the case themselves, the students observed the actual Supreme Court hearing and met with the attorneys and the justices immediately following the argument. More than 350 students from seven schools on Maui participated.The case argued was State v. Cramer, which dealt with the issue of the right to counsel.

Rights and Obligations

The Center conducted its first teacher workshop of the school year on October 1-2. The professional development workshop was designed for high school Social Studies teachers of U.S. History, Participation in Democracy, AP U.S. History, AP U.S. Government, and 5th and 8th grade Social Studies teachers. A collaboration between the Center, Hawai'i State Bar Association, and Hawai'i Department of Education, the workshop focused on the rights and responsibilities of citizenship, paying particular attention to the relevance of the U.S. Constitution and Bill of Rights in the 21st Century. The U.S. Constitution was compared to more recent constitutions to explore views of individual rights, which may differ from the views of our founding fathers. Associate Judge Daniel Foley, Professor Randall Roth, and Dr. Kehaulani Watson were featured presenters. The workshop culminated with a simulated congressional hearing in which teachers were given the opportunity to express

their opinions on the rights and responsibilities of citizenship.



We the People: The Citizen and the Constitution

In November, the Center hosted students from Kahuku and Mililani high schools participating in the *We the People* Program. The students met with renowned American History and Constitutional scholar Dr. John Kaminski of the University of Wisconsin, Madison. Professor Kaminski has edited 24 volumes of the The Documentary History of the Ratification of the Constitution and 26 other books on the Revolutionary era. His discussion focused on the philosophical and historical foundations of the American political system and the creation of the Constitution.

We the People: The Citizen and the Constitution High School Competition

In a simulated congressional hearing competition held at the First Circuit Court of Hawai'i, Hawai'i Technology Academy, 'Iolani School, Island Pacific Academy, Kahuku High & Intermediate, Kealakehe High, and Mililani High School vied for the chance to represent Hawai'i at the National Finals in Washington, D.C. In a repeat of last year's competition, Kahuku High School was victorious. They represented our state at the national finals, and enjoyed exploring our nation's capitol and meeting civic-minded students from around the country.

Constitution Day

In September, the Center observed Constitution Day with a Home School consortium. The students delved into various aspects of the document that is the cornerstone of our democracy.

Public Programs

A Portal to the Past: Hawaiian Kingdom Property Taxes

Dr. Thomas A. Woods, Executive Director of the Mission Houses Museum, shared his insights about Hawaiian Kingdom property tax records for the Kona district of Hawai'i. During the project, which he started in order to identify the extent and style of ranching in Kona, Woods examined six years of 19th century Kingdom tax records that revealed the kinds of taxes imposed on the residents, how long they owned land, and how land was transferred in the region. Who knew that dogs and cats were taxed? A fascinating picture of the commerce and life of those living in Kona emerged through his research.

Kalaupapa: A Collective Memory, Ka Hokuwelowelo

Between 1866 and 1969, an estimated 8,000 people were sent to Kalaupapa because they were thought to have Hansen's disease. Through her compilation of a myriad of documents, author Anwei Law has shown that residents remained actively interested and involved with life beyond Kalaupapa despite their forced isolation. Unwilling to accept the loss of their families, homes, and citizenship, these individuals ensured they would be accorded their rightful place in history. Law was joined by Esther Arinaga, retired lawyer and writer, who discussed the historical impact of <u>Republic of Hawai'i v</u> <u>Kapea</u>, et al., on the laws pertaining to Hansen's disease in Hawai'i.

Law Day 2013

From Seneca Falls to Stonewall: Ke Ala Pono – Stops on a Journey

This year's Law Day theme, "Realizing the Dream: Equality for All," was explored by examining a few of the key movements in the struggle for equality in the United States, highlighting some of the people and events in Hawai'i that have helped in the journey thus far.

Our presenters for the evening program, held in the Supreme Court courtroom, were Meda Chesney-Lind, Director of the Women's Studies Program at the University of Hawai'i at Mānoa; Sunny Kang, Professor at Hawai'i Pacific University; William D. Hoshijo, Executive Director of the Hawai'i Civil Rights Commission; and Connie M. Florez, producer, writer, director, and founder of Hula Girl Productions LLC, currently working on The Glades Project. The program's content ranged in scope from the women's suffrage movement and successive battles for equal rights, the civil rights movement in the United States and parallel struggles in Hawai'i, the gay and lesbian quest for equality, and the local transgendered community's fight for equal rights.

"Brother Outsider, The Life of Bayard Rustin"

In celebration of the Law Day 2013 theme *Realizing the Dream: Equality for All*, the Center showed the film "Brother Outsider," a dcoumentary on Bayard Rustin who was a mentor to Martin Luther King Jr. and architect of the 1963 March on Washington.

Celebrate Hawaii's Keiki and Their Families: Children and Youth Day

The Center participated in the 19th annual Children and Youth Day held yearly on the first Sunday in October. The Center conducted tours, showed short films on legal topics, and conducted mock trials. Intermediate Court of Appeals Associate Judge Katherine Leonard and Federal District Court Judge Edward Kubo conducted a Boy Scout Law Merit Badge clinic. A total of thirty-seven Boy Scouts from troops 1, 147, and 616 completed their requirements for the badge.





Monarchy Court Galley and Martial Law Exhibits

Visitor Attendance 2012-2013

Visitors	45,107
School Programs	<u>11,356</u>
TOTAL	56,463

Financial Statement 2012-2013

Personnel	\$203,623
Equipment	\$655
Expenses/Supplies	\$12,228
TOTAL	\$216,506

Executive Board

General administrative responsibilities for the Judiciary History Center rest with a five-member executive board appointed by the Chief Justice.



Associate Justice Sabrina McKenna received her B.A. in Japanese in 1978 from the University of Hawai'i at Mānoa, and her J.D. in 1982 from the William S. Richardson School

of Law. Justice McKenna practiced at Goodsill Anderson Quinn & Stifel until 1987, then became in-house counsel to Otaka, Inc., a Japan-based international business organization, until 1990. From 1991 to 1993, she was an Assistant Professor ar WSRSL. She became a state District Court judge in late 1993, then a First Circuit Court judge in 1995, eventually serving as Senior Judge of the Family Court of the First Circuit.



Ray Enos is a graduate of the William S. Richardson School of Law. He worked for the Office of the Public Defender before joining the Department of Attorney General, Land and

Transportation Division, where he was assigned to the Kaho'olawe Island Reserve Commission. Upon leaving the AG's office, Enos served as the Senior Policy Advisor for Government Affairs at the Kaho'olawe Island Reserve Commission.



Karen Kosasa is the Director of the Museum Studies Graduate Certificate Program and an Assistant Professor in American Studies at the University of Hawai'i. She has a MFA from

the University of Hawai'i and a MA and PhD in Visual and Cultural Studies from the University of Rochester. For thirteen years she taught in the visual arts before moving into the field of museum studies.



Dean Avi Soifer has been Dean of the William S. Richardson School of Law at the University of Hawai'i since July 2003. He joined the University of Hawai'i after ten years at Boston College Law

School, where he served as dean from 1993-1998. A graduate of Yale Law School, Dean Soifer teaches and writes primarily about constitutional law, legal history, and law and humanities, and he has received several awards for his scholarly publications. His recent articles and book chapters concern religious freedom, disability rights, constitutional history, and judging and judgement.



Thao T. Tran joined Kobayashi, Sugita & Goda in 2008 as an associate practicing in the areas of Labor and Employment Law. She received her Juris Doctor degree from Northeastern University

School of Law in Boston and her Bachelor of Arts degree in Classical Studies, *summa cum laude*, from the University of Massachusetts at Amherst. Prior to joining the firm, Ms. Tran served as a law clerk for Hawaii's Honorable Chief Justice Ronald T.Y. Moon.

Friends of the Judiciary <u>History Center</u>

In 1983, Chief Justice Herman Lum appointed the first **Friends of the Judiciary History Center** board as an advisory group to support the Judiciary's development of the Judiciary History Center. In 1984, the Friends of the Judiciary Center of Hawai'i qualified as a tax exempt organization to provide services and raise funds for the Center. The Friends help support a wide range of exciting educational programs which teach about law and the judicial system.



Super Spooky HSBA Soiree

On October 27, the Hawaii State Bar Association hosted its annual dinner in the Coral Ballroom of the Hilton Hawaiian Village. In addition to the tsunami warning, the evenings festivities included music by the Kingpins, a costume contest judged by Chief Justice Mark Recktenwald, Associate Justices Paula Nakayama, Simeon Acoba, and Sabrina McKenna, and ICA Chief Judge Craig Nakamura. The event's profits will benefit the Hawai'i Justice Foundation and the Friends of the Judiciary History Center, both 501(c)(3) organizations.

Board of Directors

Melody Kubo, President Linden Joesting, Vice-President Pamela Martin, Treasurer Matt Brown, Secretary

Board Members

Tony Benavente Pancho Gomes Richanne Lam Sonny Lee Barron Oda Roberta Woods Elizabeth Zack

In Memoriam



This past year we lost **Gaylord Tom**, a prominent attorney in Honolulu, Honorary Counsul of the Netherlands, and former board member of the Friends of the Judiciary History Center.

Volunteers

Marilyn Leeloy Jennifer Miele Esther Kiki Mookini Janet Ness Judy Parrish

Students from local universities and high schools assisted the Center in accomplishing a number of tasks ranging from data entry, visitor services, film transcriptions, and clerical help. Students were: Alicia Ishikawa (UH-Mānoa) Angela Zheng (Sacred Hearts), Nikki Carnate (Kapi'olani Community College), Douglas Nettel (Kalani), and Noah Rodby (Punahou). The Center also gained three regular volunteers (Philip Deters, Lynn and David Hopkins) who serve as greeters assisting visitors to the Center.

Personnel

Matt Mattice, Executive Director Keahe Davis, Education Specialist Toni Han Palermo, Program Specialist David Cypriano, Education Assistant

Insights on Law & Society

Keahe Davis was selected to be one of six members of the new advisory group for *Insights on Law & Society*, the American Bar Association's magazine for high school teachers. It is published three times a year with each issue focusing on a specific theme.

Museum Visits

In preparation for the upcoming museum renovation project, Matt and Keahe traveled to New York to visit the multitude of museums in the city. Their visit aided in the development of the comprehensive interpretive plan that will inform the upcoming museum renovation.