

### The Judiciary, State of Hawaii

#### Testimony to the Senate Committee on Judiciary and Labor

Senator Clayton Hee, Chair Senator Maile S.L. Shimabukuro, Vice Chair

Thursday, February 7, 2013, 10:00 a.m. State Capitol, Conference Room 016

by

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#### WRITTEN TESTIMONY ONLY

**Bill No. and Title:** Senate Bill No. 346, Proposing an Amendment to Article VI, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State of Hawaii Authorizing the Chief Justice of the State Supreme Court to Appoint Retired Judges to Serve as Emeritus Judges.

**Purpose:** Amends Article VI Section 3 of the Hawaii Constitution to authorize the Chief Justice to appoint judges who retired upon attaining the age of seventy years to serve as emeritus judges.

## **Judiciary's Position:**

The Judiciary supports Senate Bill No. 346 but suggests alternative language, as set forth in the attached proposed Senate Bill No. 346, S.D. 1. that would clarify that a judge or justice can serve as an emeritus judge or justice after they have retired, regardless of whether they retired based on their age or for another reason.

Senate Bill No. 346 proposes amending the Hawaii Constitution to permit the Chief Justice to call upon retired judges over the age of 70 to assist the courts when needed. The Judiciary supports this proposal as retired judges and justices are valuable resources in terms of both providing mentorship and also helping with the timely and fair resolution of cases.



Senate Bill No. 346, Proposing an Amendment to Article VI, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State of Hawaii Authorizing the Chief Justice of the State Supreme Court to Appoint Retired Judges to Serve as Emeritus Judges Senate Committee on Judiciary and Labor February 7, 2013
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The Judiciary offers the following comments and suggestions:

- 1. We would note that the bill, in its present form, could be read in a very limited fashion so that only those judges who retired because they reached the age of seventy years would be permitted to return as emeritus judges. Our proposed H.D.1 deletes the language that those judges who may be emeritus judges are those "who have retired upon attaining the age of seventy years" so that it is clear that judges who have retired, for reasons other than their age, may be appointed by the chief justice to serve as emeritus judges.
- 2. We note that the bill mentions only "retired judges" and does not specify that those retired judges may also include "justices" of the Hawaii Supreme Court. It should be noted that last year's legislative history on a comparable bill, Senate Bill No. 650, H.D. 1, included language clarifying that *justices* of the Hawaii Supreme Court would also be included as judges who could be appointed as emeritus judges. We would respectfully suggest that the bill be amended to include "justices" or that the committee report reflect that intent. (Last year's Standing Committee report noted: "Additionally, your Committee notes that 'judges' as used in this measure is contemplated to include 'justices' as may be applicable." See Stand. Com. Rep. No. 1268-12 for Senate Bill No. 650, H.D.1 (2012)).
- 3. Conferring upon the Chief Justice the authority to appoint as emeritus judges the experienced judges and justices who have retired, would be a significant benefit to the Judiciary and the people of Hawaii. Presently, there are 49 retired judges in the state. Thirty eight of those judges retired before attaining the age of 70. Eleven of those 49 judges retired upon attaining the age of 70. If this bill is passed, these judges and justices, with their wealth of experience and knowledge, could be called upon again to serve the Judiciary.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify on Senate Bill No. 346.

#### Report Title:

Chief Justice; Supreme Court; Emeritus Judge; Constitutional Amendment

#### Description:

Proposes constitutional amendment authorizing Chief Justice to appoint retired judges 70 years and older as emeritus judges, to serve as temporary judges in courts no higher than the court level they reached prior to retirement and for terms not to exceed three months per appointment.

# A BILL FOR AN ACT

PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE VI, SECTION 3, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF HAWAII AUTHORIZING THE CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE STATE SUPREME COURT TO APPOINT RETIRED JUDGES TO SERVE AS EMERITUS JUDGES.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to propose an
2	amendment to article VI, section 3, of the Constitution of the
3	State of Hawaii to authorize the chief justice of the supreme
4	court to appoint retired judges seventy years and older as
5	emeritus judges, to serve as temporary judges in courts no
6	higher than the court level they reached prior to retirement and
7	for terms not to exceed three months per appointment.
8	SECTION 2. Article VI, section 3, of the Constitution of
9	the State of Hawaii is amended to read as follows:
10	"APPOINTMENT OF JUSTICES AND JUDGES
11	Section 3. The governor, with the consent of the senate,
12	shall fill a vacancy in the office of the chief justice, supreme
13	court, intermediate appellate court and circuit courts, by
14	appointing a person from a list of not less than four, and not
15	more than six, nominees for the vacancy, presented to the
16	governor by the judicial selection commission.

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         If the governor fails to make any appointment within thirty
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    days of presentation, or within ten days of the senate's
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    rejection of any previous appointment, the appointment shall be
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    made by the judicial selection commission from the list with the
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    consent of the senate. If the senate fails to reject any
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    appointment within thirty days thereof, it shall be deemed to
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    have given its consent to such appointment. If the senate shall
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    reject any appointment, the governor shall make another
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    appointment from the list within ten days thereof. The same
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    appointment and consent procedure shall be followed until a
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    valid appointment has been made, or failing this, the commission
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    shall make the appointment from the list, without senate
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    consent.
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         The chief justice, with the consent of the senate, shall
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    fill a vacancy in the district courts by appointing a person
    from a list of not less than six nominees for the vacancy
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    presented by the judicial selection commission. If the chief
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    justice fails to make the appointment within thirty days of
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    presentation, or within ten days of the senate's rejection of
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    any previous appointment, the appointment shall be made by the
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    judicial selection commission from the list with the consent of
    the senate. The senate shall hold a public hearing and vote on
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- 1 each appointment within thirty days of any appointment. If the
- 2 senate fails to do so, the nomination shall be returned to the
- 3 commission and the commission shall make the appointment from
- 4 the list without senate consent. The chief justice shall
- 5 appoint per diem district court judges as provided by law.
- 6 The chief justice may appoint retired judges seventy years
- 7 and older as emeritus judges, to serve as temporary judges in
- 8 courts no higher than the court level they reached prior to
- 9 retirement and for terms not to exceed three months per each
- 10 appointment.

#### 11 QUALIFICATIONS FOR APPOINTMENT

- 12 Justices and judges shall be residents and citizens of the
- 13 State and of the United States, and licensed to practice law by
- 14 the supreme court. A justice of the supreme court, a judge of
- 15 the intermediate appellate court and a judge of the circuit
- 16 court shall have been so licensed for a period of not less than
- 17 ten years preceding nomination. A judge of the district court
- 18 shall have been so licensed for a period of not less than five
- 19 years preceding nomination.
- No justice or judge shall, during the term of office,
- 21 engage in the practice of law, or run for or hold any other

- 1 office or position of profit under the United States, the State
- 2 or its political subdivisions.
- 3 TENURE: RETIREMENT
- 4 The term of office of justices and judges of the supreme
- 5 court, intermediate appellate court and circuit courts shall be
- 6 ten years. Judges of district courts shall hold office for the
- 7 periods as provided by law. At least six months prior to the
- 8 expiration of a justice's or judge's term of office, every
- 9 justice and judge shall petition the judicial selection
- 10 commission to be retained in office or shall inform the
- 11 commission of an intention to retire. If the judicial selection
- 12 commission determines that the justice or judge should be
- 13 retained in office, the commission shall renew the term of
- 14 office of the justice or judge for the period provided by this
- 15 section or by law.
- 16 Justices and judges shall be retired upon attaining the age
- 17 of seventy years. They shall be included in any retirement law
- 18 of the State."
- 19 SECTION 3. The question to be printed on the ballot shall
- 20 be as follows:
- 21 "Shall the chief justice of the state supreme court be
- authorized to appoint retired judges seventy years and older

# **S.B. NO.** 346 S.D. 1 PROP.

as emeritus judges, to serve as temporary judges in courts 1 no higher than the court level they reached prior to 2 3 retirement and for terms not to exceed three months per each 4 appointment?" 5 SECTION 4. New constitutional material is underscored. 6 SECTION 5. This amendment shall take effect upon 7 compliance with article XVII, section 3, of the Constitution of 8 the State of Hawaii.